SEMI-WEEKLY NORTH-CAROLINA STANDARD.

SEMI-WEEKLY, $4 PER ANNUM. PUBLISHED WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MORNINGS. WEEKLY, $2 PER ANNUM.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA, SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1853. NO. 47.

THE NORTH CAROLINA STANDARD

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY BY
WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Terms of the Weekly. Two dollars per annu in advance, or within the first month, Two dollars an fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Three dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

Terms of the Semi-Weekly. Four dollars per annum, in advance, or within the first month; Four Dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; nd Five Dollars, if not paid within six months from the ime of subscribing.

☞ The above rules will be inflexibly adhered to.

Advertisements not exceeding fourteen lines wil be inserted one time for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion; those of greater length in proportion. Court orders and Judidicial Advertisements will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above rates. A reasonable reduction will be made to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements inserted in the Semi-Weekly Standard, will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of charge.

Subscribers, and others, who may wish to send money to the Editor, can do so at all times, by Mail and at his risk. Receipts for all sums will be promptly transmitted. Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.

Thou hast a charmed cup O Fame.

"Like to the Pontic sea!
Whose icy current and compulsive course
Ne'er feels retiring ebb, but keeps due on
To the Propontick and the Hellespont,"

So the undying fame, bright as the "blaze of sunset halos o'er the laurel brow'd," deservedly accorded to those

TRULY FORTUNATE & WELL KNOWN
EXCHANGE AND LOTTERY BROKERS,
PYFER & CO.,
No. 1, Light St., Baltimore, Md.,

Will "keep due on," until their popularity extends from the "icy Capes of Labradore," to the scorching sands of Nubia's Desert, and until the Hosannas of a Universe extol their name in one prolonged shout that shall *frighten the reign of chaos, and startle scared echo from her cavерned sleep.*

'IN LAZY APATHY LET STOICS BOAST.

The grateful praise duly received from every section of the Country, from those who have been snatched from the brink of despair by the untiring efforts of these far-famed and popular Lottery Agents, is the only reward they covet for devoting their energies to the public's service; to them "praises are wages." The immense amonnt of good that

PYFER & CO.
Truly Lucky and Far-Famed Lottery Agents,
No. 1, Light St., Baltimore, Md.

Have accomblished by presenting to the public *monthly* a schedule of unsurpassed schemes of
Legal and Responsible Lotteries,

In presenting to our numerous correspondents throughout the Country our very brilliant and elegant schemes for the month of May, we enjoin those, whose expectation were not *fully* realized in April, in the language of the Poet, to

"Attempt the end, and never stand to doubt:
Nothing's so hard, but search will find it out."

READ THE RESULT OF PERSEVERANCE!

In package of whole tickets, the Brilliant Prize of $50,210, in Grand Consol. Lottery of Maryland, Class I, was sent per mail to an old correspondent in Virginia.
$26,000, in package of halves sent to S. Carolina.
$15,000 in package of whole tickets sent to Penn.
$11,000, in package of whole tickets, sent to Georgia.
$8,000, in package of halves sent to S. Carolina.
$29,000, in package of quarters, sent to Tennessee.
$12,000, in package of half tickets, sent to Ohio.
$9,000, in package of quarters, sent to N. Carolina.
$5,000, in package of wholes, sent to N. Carolina.

☞ Be sure to address for a handsome Prize,

PYFER & CO.,
No. 1, Light St., Baltimore.
Splendid Schemes for May, 1853.

☞ The Certificate Prices of packages of quarter tickets only, are given below.

Date. May.	Capital Prizes.		No. of Ballots.	Price of Tickets.	Price of Packages.
2	$25,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	$8	$30 00
3	20,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
4	31,000	78 Nos	14 drawn	10	35 00
5	25,500	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
6	24,000	75 Nos	13 drawn	5	18 00
7	40,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	12	45 00
9	25,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	8	30 00
10	18,656	78 Nos	12 drawn	5	19 00
11	30,000	75 Nos	13 drawn	10	35 00
12	25,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	5	18 00
13	13,500	78 Nos	12 drawn	4	15 00
14	50,000	75 Nos	11 drawn	15	58 00
16	5 of 12,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	8	30 00
17	24,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
18	30,909	78 Nos	12 drawn	10	40 00
19	20,000	75 Nos	15 drawn	5	15 00
20	24,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	5	18 00
21	46,000	75 Nos	14 drawn	16	50 00
23	26,000	78 Nos	15 drawn	8	25 00
24	20,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
25	38,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	10	40 00
26	20,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
27	15,000	75 Nos	14 drawn	4	13 00
30	80,000	78 Nos	18 drawn	32	120 00
31	28,500	75 Nos	13 drawn	8	30 00
28	18,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	5	18 00

☞ Drawings forwarded to Correspondents by the first mails after the lotteries are drawn.

☞ Correspondents will please order a few days before the lotteries are drawn.

There is a large per centage in favor of those purchasers who order by the Package, and the chances of drawing four of the largest Prizes in the Scheme, are thereby secured. We advise the purchase of Packages of Tickets in every instance.

☞ Bank Drafts or Certificates of Deposits payable in Gold at sight, will be promptly remitted to those Correspondents who draw prizes at PYFER & CO'S.

☞ Remember—A Package of Tickets can draw four of the most splendid prizes in a scheme.

☞ In order to secure a Fortune, and the cash immediately after the result is known, the readers of this paper have only to remit cash Drafts or prize tickets, of the Old Establibhed, far famed and truly fortunate Exchange and Lottery Brokers,

PYFER & CO.,
No 1, Light Street, Baltimore, Md.
April 30, 1853. 46—

SUPERIOR LINEN GOODS.

HOUSEKEEPERS are respectfully invited to an examination of a fresh supply of Goods, consisting of
11-4 and 12-4 Barnsley Linen Sheetings,
9-8, 5-4 and 6-4 Pillow-case Linens,
8-4, 9-4 and 11-4 Table Damask,
Table Damask Napkins,
8-4 and 10-4 Brown Table Damask,
Bird Eye, Russia and Huckaback Linen Diapers,
Towellings of all kinds,
Crash Russia Linens,
50 pieces best make Irish Linens,
8-4, 9-4, 10-4, 11-4 and 12-4 Marselles Quilts,
Table and Piano Covers of Cloth and Worsted,
Furniture, Dimity and Curtain Muslins.
The above Goods are of the best quality, and will be sold very low by JAMES McKIMMON.
Raleigh, April 16th, 1853. 43—

Mattings.

4-4 AND 5-4 White India Matting,
4-4 checked India Matting. J. BROWN.
April 19, 1853. 44—

IRA BECKWITH,

WOULD tender his sincere thanks to his numerous friends and customers, in Raleigh and its vicinity, for the liberal support he has received, and hopes by renewed efforts to merit a continuance of their favor.—He has just returned from the North, where having in view the wants of his customers at home, he endeavored to select such articles as would give entire satisfaction, both as to price and quality. His stock consists in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, Cutlery, and Fancy articles, comprising in part the following:

Groceries.

Bacon, Lard, Meal, Flour, Candles, Sole and Upper Leather, Soap, Salt, fine Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Sugar, Coffee, Teas, Pepper, Alspice, Ginger, Soda, Indigo, Madder, Copperas, Ink, Blacking, Powder and Shot, Lead, &c., &c.

Hardware and Cutlery.

Axes, Weeding Hoes, Nails, Files, Butts, Screws, Padlocks, platt Locks, Coffee Mills, Tacks, Percussion Caps, Scissors, Iron and Britiana Spoons, Pocket Knives, Knives and Forks, Thimbles, Pins, Needles, Hooks and Eyes, Candle Sticks, Vest Buckles, &c.
Glass and Crockery of all kinds.

Dry Goods and Fancy Articles.

Blankets, bleached and unbleached Shirtings, Va. Osnaburgs, Bed Ticking, brown Jeans, Kerseys, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Fancy Vestings, Cambrics, Linens, Cravats, Pocket H'k'fs, Comforts, Flanels, Merrimack prints, Fancy prints, Letter paper, Envellopes, Steel Pens, Pen Holders, Agate Buttons, Coat Buttons, fancy Vest Buttons, Coats' Spool Cotton, Sewing Silk, Flaxthread, Cable Cord, Corset Laces, Hairpins, Snuff Boxes, Coarse and fine Tooth Combs, Pocket Combs, Ladies riding Side and Tuck Combs, Paste Board, Gentlemen's Chamois lined Gloves, Wool Gloves, one gross stout cotton Half Hose, also Ladies fine and coarse cotton Hose, Looking Glasses, Blacking Brushes, Cotton Cards, Shaving Boxes, Fancy Soaps, Perfumeries, &c., &c.

Also, a fine assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's Summer Shoes, cheap for cash. Just to hand.

Together with a great variety of other articles entirely too tedious to enumerate, all of which will be disposed of on the most liberal terms for cash

Fayetteville street, a few doors north of the Yarbrough House, and opposite Lawrence's Hotel.
Raleigh, March 27, 1853. 39—1y.

SPRING STOCK OF MEDICINES FOR 1853.

P. F. PESCUD is now receiving his Spring supply of Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye stuffs, Perfumery and Fancy Articles, which is in all respects, reliable, and in sufficient quantities to merit a large increase of Wholesale as well as Retail Trade.

With seventeen years experience in his business and greatly increased facilities for purchasing, receiving, and forwarding goods, he hopes to retain the patronage and influence of his customers.

His great aim is to procure the purest and most reliable articles, and will not knowingly sell any other kind, and to this cause he attributes the large increase of his sales and the success which has followed his efforts to gain the confidence of the public.

Physicians and families who have Prescriptions to fill may rest assured that they will be promptly and faithfully executed by experienced persons at all hours of the day or night.

He hopes all who owe him on accounts or notes due prior to the first of January last, will call and settle without delay, or remit their indebtedness.
March 14, 1853. 36—

RALEIGH BAKERY.

Fayetteville Street, Opposite the Market House.

THE Subscribers having commenced the above business at the stand lately occupied by Mr. L. B. Walker, and employed competent workmen, intend carrying on the *Baking and Confectionary Business* in all its usual branches, and hope by strict attention to business to merit a share of the public patronage.

Plain or ornamental CAKES made to order, on the shortest notice.

Candy Manufactory.

The Subscribers have in their employ superior Candy Makers, and will keep constantly on hand a supply of fresh Candy, of various descriptions, for sale wholesale or retail.

Wholesale price, by the hundred pounds *fifteen Dollars*, Cash. Orders from a distance will be promptly attended to.

Fruits, &c.

A fresh supply of Fruits will be kept constantly on hand, of the finest quality at low prices. Country Stores are particularly requested to favor us with their orders, which will be forwarded on the shortest notice.

JAMES PUTTICK,
JOHN MITCHELL.
Raleigh, March 1, 1852. 31—1y.

GREAT EXCITEMENT.

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE A COUPLE HUNDRED DOLLARS, send on your orders for *Turpentine Stills, Caps, Arms, and Worms:*
Also, Brandy Stills, and any kind of Copper work, Brass, Machinery, &c.

The prices of Still-caps, Arms, and Worms, are as follows: By the pound 37 cents; or by contract,

7 barrel	Still-cap,	Arms and	Worms,	$400
10	do	do	do	485
12	do	do	do	525
14	do	do	do	585
15	do	do	do	615
16	do	do	do	650
20	do	do	do	695
25	do	do	do	750
30	do	do	do	850
35	do	do	do	900

All work will be warranted for 12 months, fire and burning excepted. His work will also be delivered within fifty miles of Raleigh, at the shortest notice; and if I fail to deliver Stills in the time agreed upon, I will forfeit $5 for each day lost, to the purchaser.
JOSEPH WOLTERING.
Raleigh, Sept. 12, 1851. 90—y.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the citizens of Raleigh and vicinity, that he will commence selling off, at cost, the first day of March, his stock of
Dry Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Crockery Ware,
Cigars, &c., &c.,
as he intends to close his business in the course of two months.

Persons desirous of getting goods cheap will do well to call upon him and examine his stock.
JNO. F. MAHLER,
West side of the Capitol.

P. S. All persons indebted to me will have the kindness to come up and settle their accounts within six weeks, as I shall be bound to have them collected after that time.
Raleigh, March 4th, 1853. 31—

WHOLEALE TRADE,

For March, 1852.

OUR SPRING STOCK of
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
s now complete. The assortment is large and commanding.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS
are invited to call and examine styles and prices, feeling confident that we can offer as great inducements as any Jobbing House North or South.
STEVENSON & WEDDELL.
Sycamore Street Petersburg, Va.
34—

WILLIAM H. JONES,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
RALEIGH, N. C.

WILL attend the Courts of Chatham, Johnston, and Wake.
Raleigh, Feb. 23, 1853. 29—tf.

GARDEN SEEDS,

WARRANTED fresh and genuine, and of the crop of 1852, for sale at the Drug-Store of
WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & Co.

Asparagus—Giant,
Beans—(Dwarf,)
Early Mohawk,
" China,
" Yellow six weeks,
" Valentine,
" White kidney,
Beans—(Pole,)
Horticultural Cranberry,
Indian Chief,
Large Lima or Butter,
Beets—Early blood turnip,
Early yellow turnip,
Long Blood.
Brocoli—Early and Late,
Cabbage—Early May,
Early York,
" Ox heart,
" Large York,
" Drumhead
Late do.,
" Premium flat Dutch,
" Drumhead Savoy,
" Bergen,
Red Dutch (for pickling,)
Cauliflower—Early and [Late,
Carrot—Early Horn,
ong Orange,
Celery,
White Solid,
New Silver Giant,
Cress—Curled or Pepper-[grass,
Cucumber—Early Cluster,
Early Frame,
London Long Green,
Ex a Long Green,
Gherkin (for pickling,)
Egg Plant—Large purple,
Corn—Mammoth Sweet,
Tuskarora,
Early Philad. white,
" Canada,
" Adams',
Lettuce—Early curled si-
Royal Cabbage, [lecia,
Large India,
Ice Coss,
Melons—Green Citron,
Pine Apple,
Nutmeg,
Skillmans fine netted,
Beechwood,
Carolina Water,
Spanish do,
Mountain Sweet do,
Long Island do.
Mustard — White and [brown,
Nasturtium,
Okra,
Onion—Large Red,
Yellow Dutch,
White Portugal,
Onion Buttons,
Parsley—Plain and curled,
Parsnip—Long Smooth,
Sugar,
Guernsay,
Peas—Early Prince Albert,
Early Washington,
" Bishops Prolific.
Large Marrowfat,
Tall or Matchless Marrowfat,
Pepper—Long Cayenne,
Cherry,
Bell,
Mammoth,
Radish—Long scarlet,
Turnip scarlet,
" white,
" yellow,
Rhubarb—Myatts victoria
Spinach—Round leaved [Savoy,
Prickly and fall,
Salsify or vegetable oyster.
Squash—Earlyyellow bush,
Early white bush,
" crookneck bush,
Autumal Marrow.
Tomato—Large Red,
Large Yellow.

Raleigh, Jan. 21, 1853. 20—tf.

Boots, Gaiters, Slippers, Shoes, &c.

HENRY PORTER,
FAYETTEVILLE ST., RALEIGH, N. C.

THE subscriber is now in receipt of his Spring stock of Goods, selected in person, with great care, in various Northern cities, which he believes superior to any ever before offered in this market, and respectfully solicits an examination by the public. His stock comprises every character, variety and size, from that of a Doll to a seventy-four.

For the Ladies, he has some new styles of SLIPPERS and BUSKINS, very beautiful and tasty; GAITERS of elegant material and finish—and WALKING SHOES handsome and durable. In a word, every pedal luxury and necessary may be found at his extensive establishment.

And the Gentlemen have not been forgotten. His stock of BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS and MATERIALS for manufacture, is unsurpassed, and he is therefore prepared to furnish them with any and every thing in their line—costly and elegant, as well as cheap and useful.

His stock for MISSES and BOYS is full and choice.

As to Prices, he has articles at all rates—from 50 cents to $3 for the Ladies—and the Gentlemen, as cheap or costly as they may require.

A full stock of FURNISHING MATERIALS on hand, for sale low to the trade. Call and examine.

☞ Having greatly extended his business and removed to the great thorough-fare of trade in our city, viz: Fayetteville street, second door from Pescud's Drug Store, he hopes to receive, as he is determined to merit, the liberal patronage of a generous community, His motto is "Live, and let live"—and he hopes to be enabled to carry it out.

☞ His Manufacturing Department is full and complete—the best and most skilful workmen—superior materials, and a determination to give satisfaction, he hopes to recive for him a generous patronage. Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a continuation of the same.
HENRY PORTER,
Fayettville St.
Raleigh, April 5, 1853. 40—4t.

N. B. I wish it particularly understood, that I warrant every article I sell.

NEW BOOKS.

THE rector of St. Bardolphs, or superannuated by F. W. Shelton author of Salander. &c.

Light and Shade, or the Young Artist by Anna H. Drury, authoress of Friends and Fortune, Eastbury, &c.

Beatrice, or the Unknown relatives, by Catherine Sinclair, author of Modern accomplishments, Journey of Life, &c.

The capture in Patagonia; adventures in Fairy Land with engravings.

Annual of Scientific Discovery, or Yearbook of facts in Science and art for 1853.

Daisy Burns, by Julia Kavanagh, author of Nathalie, Madeline, &c

Mr. Brown's Letters to a youug man about town by Thackeray,

The arts of Tanning, Currying, and Leather-dressing, Theoretically and Practically considered in all their details, edited from the French of J. DeFantenelle and F. Malepayne with numerous emendations and additions by Campbell Morfitt, illustrated by 200 wood engravings.

Putnams' Monthly Magazine for January, February, and March. For sale by
W. L. POMEROY.
April 5, 1853. 38—

Valuable City Property for Sale.

IF not disposed of before Tuesday of May Court next, privately, I shall expose to public sale my HOUSE and LOT, situated near the Central Rail Road Depot. The Dwelling House contatns six rooms and a Pantry.

At the same time, I will sell a vacant Lot, well enclosed, situated immediately adjoining the Central Rail Road Dept, beautifully located and well adapted for building purposes—either for Private Residences, or a Public Eating or Boarding House.

Also, several vacant Lots near the Central Rail Road Depot, bordering the Town Corporation.

Terms of Sale—One half cash, the balance in six months—purchasers giving bond with approved security, with interest from date. WM. F. COLLINS.
April 19, 1852. 45- ts.

Cheap, Cheap.

AT the Subscriber's, 5 bbls. Mercer Potatoes, (in the best order, as well for eating as planting,) at $3 per barrel, or $1 25 per bushel to close sales.
F. MAHLER.
Raleigh, April 18th, 1853. 44—

RECEIVED this day,
Apple Green Florence,
" " Marcelline,
" " French Crape.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
April 18th, 1853. 44—

Umbrellas and Parasols.

GREEN and Black, Silk and Cotton Umbrellas.
Embr'd and Watered Parasols, all colors.
Black, Watered, Silk and Linen Parasols.
Ladies Black Silk Summer Umbrellas.
For sale by J. BROWN.
Raleigh, April 19, 1853. 44—

Candles.

SPERM and Adamantine Candles,
Hulls' Tallow do. J. BROWN.
Raleigh, April 19, 1853. 44—

G. E. B. SINGELTARY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Greenville, N. C.

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company has been in successful operation for more than sven years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms.

Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,500-000, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present capital is over Six Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been ess than one third of one per cen per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

The following persons have been elected Directors and Officers of this Company for the present year.

Directors:

Jos. G. B. Roulhac, C. W. D. Hutchings, Jno. R. Williams, John Primrose, H. D. Turner, S. W. Whiting, T. H. Selby, of Raleigh; Geo. McNeill, Fayetteville, Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington, Jas. E. Hoyt, Washington, James Sloan, Greensborough, John Cox, Edenton, Joshua Boner, Salem, Joseph H. Pool, Elizabeth City, F. F. Fagan, Plymouth, Alexander, Mitchell, Newbern, W. N. H. Smith, Murfreesborough, H. B. Williams, Charlotte, John B. Barrett, Milton, and A. T. Summy, Asheville.

All Directors are authorized to receive applications.

Officers of the Company:

J. G. B. Roulhac, President,
Henry D. Turner, Vice President,
S. W. Whiting, Treasurer,
J. C. Partridge, Secretary,
John H. Bryan, Attorney,
J. Hersman, General Agent.
S. W. Whiting, Jno. R. Williams, John Primrose, } Executive Committee.

All communications in reference to insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid.
J. C. PARTRIDGE, Sec'y.
Raleigh, Jan. 11, 1853. 19—

PETERSBURG CLOTHING BAZAAR.

THE subscribers having purchased the entire interest of N. Perry in the above celebrated establishment, respectfully announce to the citizens of North Carolina that they intend to relax no effort to retain the liberal patronage heretofore received from the numerous customers of the Bazaar in the Old North State.

Manufacturing as we do all our own clothing, and one of the firm being constantly in the market, thus having facilities for purchasing our cloths, cassameres, &c. at first hands, and consequently at the lowest rates, we are enabled to compete in prices with Northern houses, while our garments in point of style and workmanship, are not excelled by those of any other house in the State.

It is unneeessary to enumerate the articles of which our stock is composed; suffice it to say that in our rooms may be found every thing pertaining to men's wear, and furnishing goods of the most recent style and in great variety.

Our Custom Department,

Is constantly supplied with the most desirable goods, and those preferring their garments made to order, can here find a large assortment to select from, and with an efficient force of workmen we can get up a single garment or an entire suit at very short notice. A good fit and perfect satisfaction guarantied in every instance.

Our Wholesale Rooms.

Merchants visiting the City should not fail to look through our stock, as we have opened an exclusive Wholesale Room, and manufacture largely, expressly for this branch of our trade.
A. S. SHAFER & CO.,
(Successors to N. Perry.)
Petersburg, Virginia May 5th, 1852. 52—

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned having determined to exchange Merchandizing for Agriculture, offers for sale all his Real Estate in the town of Tarborough, to wit:

His Store Lot on the Court-House square, well known as "The Brick Store," with all necessary ware-houses and other buildings for merchandizing.

This Lot is considered one of the most desireable in Town, and has been tenanted as a place of trade without intermission ever since the foundation of the town.

Also, the residence of the subscriber, which has a good dwelling-house of five rooms, a basement and cellar, and all necessary buildings for a town residence—good fruit garden, &c.

The residence is located in one of the best neighborhoods of the town, and was successively occupied by the late Joseph B. Lloyd, James Weddell, and the late Henry I. Toole.

All the buildings and improvements are in good repair Also, for sale a well assorted Stock of Goods.
JOSEPH H. BOWDITCH.
Tarborough, April 14th, 1853. 44—tf

Caswell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

THIS Company, chartered at the last session of the General Assembly of North Carolina, and locat in the town of Milton, has been fully organized, and now prepared to receive applications for Insurance on Houses, Furniture, Goods, Factories, &c. The terms will be the same as those of the other Mutual Fire Insurance Companies of the State.

All applications must state the location and situation of the buildings and other property on which insurance is desired.

The undersigned has been appointed General Agent for this Company, and he is also the Agent for the Ætna Fire Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut, and the Hartford Insurance Company, located in the same place.

All applications for Insurance or local Agencies to be addressed to Willie J. Palmer, *Secretary*, or the subscriber,
NATHANIEL J. PALMER.
Milton, N. C. April 15, 1853. 43—tf.

Hillsborough Recorder will insert 3 times and forward account.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership existing heretofore in the name of Williams, Haywood & Co., was dissolved on the 1st instant by mutual consent.

All persons indebted are requested to come forward and make payment or close their accounts by note.
A. WILLIAMS,
F. J. HAYWOOD,
OHN R. WILLIAMS.
April 14th, 1853. 43—

The undersigned will continue the Drug business under the name of Williams & Haywood and keep constantly on hand a large and general supply of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Glassware, Fancy articles, Perfumery, &c., which they will sell at the lowest market rates, and to which they invite the attention of their friends and the public generally.
JOHN R. WILLIAMS,
F. J. HAYWOOD.
Raleigh, April 14th, 1853. 43—

$50 REWARD!

A FREE negro, by the name of Jones Mitchel, alias Jones Kiff, broke from the Jail of Orange county, on the 9th day of March instant. Said boy is a mulatto, stout built, about five feet seven or eight inches high, quick spoken and intelligent, about 30 years of age, had on, when he broke from said jail, a wool hat, a black blanket sack or over coat. He, I understand, was bound, when a boy, to a gentleman at Raleigh by the name of John H. Christopher. The above reward will be given for his apprehension and delivery to me at this place.
RICHARD M. JONES, *Sheriff.*
Hillsborough, March 10th, 1853. 34—w tf.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE.

THE Subscriber most respectfully announces to the Public that he has made arrangements to keep a
Mechanic's Boarding House.

It is his intention to pay strict attention to the comfort of all who may favor him with their patronage. He begs leave to say that none need apply except those of good habits. PATRICK McGOWAN.
Raleigh, March 15, 1853. 25—w3m.

KNOW THE FACT!!!

EVANS & COOKE,
WILL SELL GOODS,
AND SELL THEM RIGHT—AND NO MISTAKE.

WE are now receivsng our *Spring Goods*, and will soon have a beautiful assortment to offer our patrons—(many Goods finer than we have kept before,) consisting in part of the following:
Sup. Brocade Silks from $1 to $4 per yard,
Sat. Stripe Berages. Muslins from 10 cents to 50 cents, together with all goods for Ladies' wear,
Ladies Po. Hdkfs—from 10 cents to $15,
Goods for men's wear—*all sorts*,
A good assortment of Ready Made Clothing,
Hardware,
Boots and Shoes, every price and quality.

These goods will stand the *rub*, and, such as can be t on shelves without injury, and worn a—time without soiling—for sale at the old stand of
EVANS & COOKE,
No. 29, cheap place, next door to
R. Smith's Corner.
March 10, 1853. 33

LEATHER FOR SPRING SALES,

At Wholesale and Retail.

WE respectfully inform our friends and the public that we have in store a large and most excellent
Stock of Leather and Findings,
for the Spring Trade, which we will sell as low as any other establishment South of New York, and for less price than they can be had even there, expenses of travelling, freight, &c., considered.

All of our purchases having been made from the Importers and Manufacturers by the whole case or package, and the advantage of receiving Leather regularly from our own Tannery, places it in our power to sell Goods as above stated. Those who wish to buy cannot lose by giving our stock an examination, and we believe we shall be able to please, both as to price and quality. Below we enumerate some of the leading articles, viz:
20 dozen of Crawford's Calf Skins (this maker had the premium awarded to him at the World's Fair held in London in 1851.)
40 doz. French Skins, best quality,
40 " American Calf Skins,
90 " Lining and Binding Skins,
10 " Morocco Skins,
800 Sides Oak Tanned and Hemlock Sole Leather,
50 " Band Leather,
Lasts, Boot-Trees, Shoe and Boot Maker's Tools of every kind, Tanner's and Currier's Tools.

Also, Sewed Brogans of our own manufacture, warronted to give satisfaction, and many other articles, too numerous to mention, at No. 21 Old street, apposite B. P. Harrison's Saddlery. F. A. & R. H. FORD,

N. B. We pay the highest price in cash for Green and Dried Hides delivered to us at our Store.
Petersburg, May 5, 1852. 52—tf.

PORTER, ALE, CIDER, AND MINERAL WATER.

THE Subscriber offers for sale to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country the following articles at as low prices and as good quality as can be procured in the Union, viz:
London Porter, (Barclay, Perkins & Co.) in qts. and pts.
Falkirk Scotch Ale, (R. Dove & Sons) in pts.
Baltimore Brown Stout, (L. Lucas) qts. and pts.
Philadelphia do. (P. C. Massey,) qts. and pts.
do. do. do. do.
Troy, do. (M. Vassar & Co. do.
Champaigne Cider, very sparkling, do.

Also, new superior Draft Ale in barrels and halfs, Hard Cider in whole and half barrels.

I am prepared to fill all orders at short notice, having the largest establishment of the kind in Virginia or North Carolina, and at low prices, buying every thing solely for cash and selling for the same. Persons that reside in the country may depend on getting articles that are good and cheap.

Bottling machine for Mineral Waters is in constant operation, making Sarsaparilla, Lemon and Ginger Waters that are not to be excelled.
W. H. BUCK.
Norfolk, Va., Feb. 16, 1853. 3m.—27.

Artists' Materials.

A FINE assortment of late importations from Paris and London, besides a handsome selection from the "Artist's Emporium," N. Y.
Twilled Canvass, 27, 30, and 36 inches in width,
Canvass on stretchers from 9, by 12, to 26 by 36,
Metallic Tubes of Paint, of all colors,
Artistis Brushes in sets of 24, or by the single brush,
Pallettes, Pallet Knives, and Pallette Cups,
Portable Easels, suitable for Teachers and Schools,
Japaned Boxes, with or without paints,
Faber's Lead Pencils,
India Rubber, white and black,
Crow-black Conti Crayons,
Paint Stones, Drying Oil, Mastic Varnish,
Graduated Paper for Pastil,
Pastil Crayons, a new and beautiful article in the fine arts,
Portfolios,
Transparent Slates for beginners in Drawing,
Drawing Books and Albums, &c.
A few beautiful and valuable Oil paintings by a celebrated Modern Artist.
At the N. C. Music Store.
Raleigh, Feb. 4, 1853. 24—

JUST IN TIME!

PAPER-HANGING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the Public that he has just received 22 doz. rolls of superior Paper, consisting of gilded, glazed and various other figures, together with bordering of all kinds, which will enable him to do all kinds of paper-hanging in the neatest and most workman-like manner.

Also, a supply of Window-Curtains, Fire Screens, Reflection Paper.

All persons wishing anything in the paper line could not fail to be suited by calling on me, as I have paper at prices ranging from fifty cents to $1 50 per roll.

All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. J. HENRY HARRISS,
Upholsterer and Mattress-Maker.
Raleigh, April 15, 1853. 44—

$25 REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, near Raleigh, in December last, a negro boy named Willis Perry. Said negro is about six feet high, very black, and shows his teeth, which are large and white, very plainly. He is bowlegged, one leg more crooked than the other. He has a peculiar scar on one of his forefingers, extending from joint to joint. He will no doubt attempt to pass as a free man under an assumed name.

The above reward will be paid for the delivery of said negro to the subscriber at Raleigh, or fifteen dollars for his confinement so that I get him again.
BENJ. TROLLINGER.
Raleigh, Feb 21, 1853. 28—tf.

Medical Society of the State of N. C.

THE next annual Meeting of the Medical Society of the State of North Carolina will be held in the town of Fayetteville, on Tuesday, 17th day of May, 1853.

The Society will convene at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of that day.

Delegates, Members, and Members of the Profession, in good and regular standing, are invited to attend.
W. W. HARRISS, M. D.,
Cor. and Rec. Sec'y.
April 2. 40—tmw.

Byrne on Food and Health.

A TREATISE on the Adulteration of Food and Drink, and plain and simple directions for detecting them, with One Hundred Recipes for tooth powders, hair dyes, skin powders, perfumes, &c. by M. P. Byrne, M. D., 1 volume, 12mo. For sale at
TURNER'S N. C. Book Store.
Raleigh, April 18, 1853.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, FOR 1853.

THE subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public generally, that he has recently returned from the Northern Cities, and is daily receiving his SPRING and SUMMER supplies, embracing every thing new and beautiful, all of which were selected with great care, purchased on favorable terms and will be sold at low rates.

He is at this time inreceipt of the following: Black, brown, blue, olive, green and other cloths of various grades:

Semoni, bl'k doeskin cas., fancy casimere, a beautiful assortment, some very pretty Vestings, of every variety and style.

Light silk Vestings for Weddings and Parties, very rich, Cravats, Stocks and Ties, plain and fancy, Handkerchiefs, Suspendors, silk and cotton half-hose, Gloves, silk and ganze Undershirts, fine dress Shirts and Collars, a large assortment very cheap, Linen and Cotton Drawers; in fact every article usually found in a gentlemans' Furnishing Store.

He has also on hand a fine supply of Clothing, both of his own and foreign manufacture, any or all of which he would be pleased to exhibit, and to dispose of it at a small advance for Cash or six month's credit to punctual customers.

Cutting done at short notice.
ISAAC PROCTER,
Merchant Tailor.
Successor to Oliver & Procter.
April 15, 1853. 43—

LACE GOODS.

FRENCH worked Collars,
do do Capes,
do do Chemezette's,
do do. Undersleeves,
Honiton Collars,
Muslin Bands,
Swiss and Cambrick Flouncings,
do do Edging and Inserting.
Valencieur do do do
Thread and Lisle do do do
Thread Bobbin do do do
Black and white Lace Veils, &c., &c.
W. H. & R. S TUCKER.
Raleigh, March 22d, 1853. 37—

Mantillas and Shawls.

PLAIN and Embroidred Silk Mantillas,
Black Silk Lace Mantillas, velvet trimmed,
do do do Points,
Figured do do Mantillas,
Plain and Embroidered Crape Shawls.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Ribbons! Ribbons!!

RICH Bonnet, Neck, Sash and Taffeta Ribbons.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Bonnets.

LATEST styles for Ladies and Misses.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Kid and Silk Gloves.

65 DOZEN pair Ladies and Gents Kid Gloves,
12 do do do do Alexander Silk Gloves.
Real twisted Silk Gloves for Ladies and Misses.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Parasols and Umbrellas.

BLACK and second mourning Silk Parasols,
Figured and solid colored do do
Black Silk and Gingham Umbrellas.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Hosiery.

LADIES white and black Silk Hose,
do Spun do do do do
do Bleached and unbleached Cotton Hose,
do Black and lead colored do do
Misses and children's bleached, stripped and clock Hose,
Gents Eng Striped ½ Hose,
do half Hose, all colors,
Boys do do striped and plain.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
Raleigh, March 22d, 1853. 37—

SP[illegible]NG & SUMMER GOOD, 1853.

THE subscriber takes great pleasure in announcing to his friends, and the public generally, that recent arrivals have placed him in possession of a large and varied assortment of Foreign and Domestic Staple and Fancy Dry Goods; also Hardware, Cutlery, Queens-ware, Glass-ware, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, and Groceries, which he offers for sale on reasonable terms. Having been carefully selected, and purchased by himself on the most favorable terms, he is persuaded he cannot be uddersold by *fair* competition. He respectfully solicits a call from purchasers.

The following consists of a portion only of his stock

FOR GENTLEMEN.

Cloth Cassimeres and Vestings of nearly all shades, and prices; a complete assortment of Summer Goods for Boys.

FOR THE LADIES.

Black Gro de Rhine Silks,
" " " " Nap,
" " " " Soi,
Bro a le, and other fancy silks,
Fancy, and Plain Silk Tissues,
" " " Bareges,
" " " Shallys,
Plain Black Shallys, and other mourning Goods,
Fancy Barege De Laines,
" Organdi Muslins,
" French Lawns, and Jaconettes,
" Solid Color Lawns, and Jaconettes,
" Brilliantes,
" French and English Ginghams,
" French, English, and Domestic Prints in great variety.
Jaconette, Cambric, Nansook, Book, and Mull Muslins,
Bishop Lawn, Dotted and plain Swiss Muslins,
French Work Capes, Chemizettes and Collars,
French Work Lace, and Muslin Undersleeves,
Linen Cambric Hkfs, a complete assortment,
Black Lace Mantillas,
Black Lace Shawls and Scarfs,
Black Lace Veils,
Black Crape and Mourning Veils,
Mourning Collars and Undersleeves,
Alexander's Fancy Black and White Kid Gloves,
" " " " Silk "
A large assortment of Parasols and Umbrellas.
JAMES McKIMMON.
Raleigh, March 25, 1853. 38—

Sale of Land for Taxes.

I WILL sell at the Court House door in Pittsborough on the second Monday of May next, a Tract of Land containing 989 acres, more or less, on the waters of Deep River, (formerly owned by Thomas Parish, a coal field,) or as much thereof as will satisfy the Taxes, $27 06 2-3 due thereon and all cost.
ROBT. E. RIVES, Sheriff.
March 28th, 1853. [Pr. adv. $2,75] 40—td.

NORTH Carolina, Wake County—

Superior Court of Law, Spring Term, 1853.

Ordered that a special term of the Superior Court be held for the County of Wake on the 3d Monday of June next, and that the Sheriff summon 48 free holders to attend said Court as Jurors.
R. P. FINCH, Clerk.
April 19, 1853. 45—4w.

TURNER'S NORTH CAROLINA ALMANAC FOR 1853.

PUBLISHED this day, and sold wholesale and retail by HENRY D. TURNER,
N. C. Bookstore.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

To the Memory of the late Gov. IREDELL.

At a meeting of the Members of the Bar in attendance on the Superior Court of Chowan, assembled to testify their respect for the memory of the late Hon. JAMES IREDELL, his Honor R. M. SAUNDERS was called to the Chair, and W. J. BAKER was appointed Secretary.

Hon. David Outlaw arose and announced the sudden death in Edenton on Wednesday morning of the Hon. James Iredell. He spoke most feelingly and eloquently of the services, talents, and virtues of the deceased, and closed by submitting the following Resolutions, which were unanimously adopted by the Meeting:

Resolved, That we have heard, with deep and sincere sorrow, the death of our distinguished, able, upright, and most estimable brother, the Hon. James Iredell.

Resolved, That by this dispensation of Providence, the country has lost a citizen who has rendered distinguished public service, our State one of its most eminent public men, and the Bar one of its brightest ornaments.

Resolved, That the members of this Bar, offer to the Family of the deceased, their condolence upon the occasion of this great loss.

Resolved, That we will wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

Resolved, That William N. H. Smith, Esq., the Solicitor for this District, be requested to present these resolutions to the Court now in session, when it shall again assemble, with a request that they be spread upon the records of the Court; and as a further mark of respect the Court be requested to adjourn.

Resolved, That the Secretary transmit a copy of these Resolutions to the Family of the deceased; that they be published in the newspapers in this District, and in the City of Raleigh.

On motion, the Meeting adjourned.

R. M. SAUNDERS, *Chm'n.*

W. J. BAKER, *Sec'y.*

W. N. H. SMITH, Esq., in behalf of the members of the Bar, on presenting the above resolutions to the Court, said:

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOR: By a resolution adopted at a meeting of the members of the Bar, in attendance at this term, it was made my duty to bring to the notice of the Court the melancholy event which has just occurred in our midst, and which now fills our hearts with the deepest sorrow. It is to announce the death of James Iredell, a member of our body, pre-eminent for the extent and depth of his professional attainments—who has won and worn the highest honors his native State could confer—but remembered and endeared to us more by his private virtues and his moral worth.

It cannot be necessary, in this place of his early triumphs, to tell who our deceased brother was. I need not refer to the period when he represented his State, in that most august tribunal, the United States Senate—and again when he occupied the Executive Chair—nor to the manner in which he discharged his official trusts.

Few men have lived to acquire and deserve to such a degree the good opinion and entire confidence of those who have known him—none better deserved that opinion and confidence.

Endowed by nature with a strong and vigorous intellect—that intellect was disciplined and invigorated by thorough training, to the exercise of its highest powers—while in beautiful harmony with them, the nobler faculties of his moral nature, under a generous culture, were developed and strengthened. No man was better fitted for distinguished usefulness, in civil or professional life. His great abilities equalled only by the excellence of his private character, and the possession of a noble heart, he has passed through life, and its vicissitudes, with his patriotism unquestioned, and the purity of his aims above reproach.

We are not unmindful of his services to the profession. For more than twelve years he has digested and reported the decisions of the highest Court of the State, and during this interval, besides his abridgements of the Statue law, he has contributed a valuable work on the law of Executors.

It has not been my privilege to form the acquaintance of Mr. Iredell, until since his removal to Raleigh. But in this community he is intimately known, and here, during his absence, his affections have still lingered, clinging to the scenes and associations of early years.

He had returned to resume the duties of his profession, with heart doubtless buoyant, yet sad. His purpose is doomed to disappointment. These walls will echo no more to his eloquent appeals. He returns, as if led by an invisible hand, to end where he began life, and lay his own by the bones of his kindred. It is the spot of all others where he would most have desired to close the days of his earthly pilgrimage. The unexpressed wish has been realized, and his dust will soon mingle with the dust of the illustrious dead.

To us the occasion is a fresh admonition. Let us aim to emulate his virtues and profit by his example. It remains for me only to present the resolutions adopted by the Bar, and to request your Honor to direct that they be spread upon the minutes of this Court.

RESPONSE OF JUDGE SAUNDERS.

Mr. Smith having moved that the resolutions adopted at a meeting of the Bar should be entered on the journals of the Court, his Honor, Judge SAUNDERS said in reply: He had long personally known the deceased, having met him as early as 1815, then a member of the House of Commons from the town of Edenton. He was elected Speaker of the House, and by his high qualifications, and graceful manners, rendered himself one of the most influential members of the Legislature. He was an able and zealous advocate of the system then adopted for the Internal Improvement of the State, and always to be found in support of every enlightened measure calculated to advance the character of the State. He was elected by the Legislature Governor, Senator of the United States, and filled other places of trust and of honor with great credit and distinction. He had been long a leading member of his profession in this Court, and by his manly and flowing eloquence, his clear and sonorous voice, his easy and pleasing address, had occupied the foremost rank at the Bar. In this old and beautiful Hall, of Colonial structure, his manly and commanding eloquence, and powerful arguments have often been heard. But alas! that musical voice shall be heard no more. His health for a few years past had become greatly impaired, and in some degree lessoned his capacity for business, but to the last he was a laboring man. It is one of the mysterious orders of Providence, that, after an absence of ten years, he should have returned to the place of his nativity, to the scenes of his early manhood, for which he had ever cherished the fondest attachment, here to end his days, and to have his remains repose by the side of those ancestors, whose virtues are found recorded on the monumental marble, and whose distinguished public services are stamped on the brightest page of our Revolutionary history. Let the resolutions be entered on the records of the Court.

The Court was then adjourned by his Honor, until 10 o'clock Friday morning.

A hog nearly three years old, and weighing 1,300 lbs. is to be sent to the N. Y. World's Fair, from Burlington county, N. Y.

SUCCESS IN LIFE.

There are some persons who proverbially "never get ahead in the world." If they are born rich they manage to become poor, and if they begin poor they have a nack of always remaining so. In the race for fortune or fame they are continually being passed by others, less favored by circumstance originally, or less endowed by nature. Yet they never admit that their want of success is the fault of themselves. They attribute it to their hard luck, to the roguery of men they have confided in, or to the improper organization of society; but never to their own indolence, folly, or deficiency of brains. To believe them, no beings were ever so unfortunate. A constant subject of irritation to them is the success of their neighbors. In their judgment, nobody prospers through merit. If a friend makes a fortune, it is his good luck. If an old schoolfellow becomes a man of mark, they express their wonder that one, who was such a stupid boy, has humbugged the world so completely. If an acquaintance moves into a fine house, or sets up a carriage, they whisper everywhere "that a fool and his money is soon parted:" In short they can no more forgive others for rising than they can rise themselves.

Yet such persons invariably owe their want of success to some radical defect in their own characters. In one man it is indolence, in another lack of shrewdness, in a third, it is some other vice of education or inheritance. Frequently, failure in life is to be traced to a mistaken calling. A man, who might have made a good farmer, happens to be born of ambitious parents, who think, erroneously, that it is more honorable to have their son a doctor; accordingly, he is sent to college, learns Latin, attends lectures, gets a diploma, and then settles down to kill people till his incapacity is found out, when he starves. Or a lad is forced, by equally ill-judging parents, to become a merchant, when he should have been left to become a lawyer. Or an engineer instead of an artist. Or a farmer, instead of a mechanic. In short, there is no end to the mistakes which are made, by ignorant or foolish parents, in starting their children in life; and the worst of these sort of errors is, that they are the least easy of remedy, because a business, once adopted, is not easily laid aside. To spend years at college, in a store, or at the plane, and find, at twenty-one, that the vocation is a wrong one, is disheartening to all but men of the hardest stamp. The discovery plunges even minds of ordinary strength often into despair. It shipwrecks the feeble invariably, and, as it were, in sight of the port they are leaving.

But the great bulk of those who fail in life are ruined through their on demerits. Not that industry, energy, and capacity always command an immediate return; for frequent and fierce are often the buffets which the best men have to encounter. But, in the long run, enterprise, economy, knowledge of business, assiduity, and an honest policy, will carry the day. A man with these sterling qualities is like cork; he may be submerged for a while, but he cannot be kept down. Just in proportion to the perfection in which he enjoys these attributes, will also be the completeness of his success. If he joins to them unusual fitness for his pursuit, his triumph will be both earlier and prouder; for in every business there are opportunities which a sagacious mind of this sort will see, and to detect these turns in the tide, which "lead on to fortune," requires talent peculiar to the particular profession rather than that which is universal. So true is this, that, while all know "geniuses" who never succeed, no one knows a man with a special faculty, and in position to exercise it, who fails in life; while all can point to those who have risen without general ability, no one can point to those who have thus risen, unless they were adepts at their trade. It would seem to require no talent to make candles, yet a rich tallow-chandler, if he has earned his wealth, is never a dunce. An ordinary tailor stitches all his life; a great tailor "cuts his way" to opulence. And *vice versa* a fool, if bred to a profession, sinks into a pauper.

A brave man will never give up, however much fortune, for a while, goes against him. A hopeful man will never even be disheartened. A generous man will never envy his more successful neighbor. Finally, a wise man will wait patiently for his turn, sure that it will come some time, and determined, when it happens, to be wide awake, so that he may avail himself of it. "Life is too short to waste its moments in deploring bad luck," said a shrewd thinker, "we must go after success, since it will not come to us, and we have no time to spare."

Philadelphia Ledger.

PADDLE YOUR OWN CANOE. Young man you must paddle your own canoe! It is on the whole better that you should! See that young man who gets into a canoe, bought with the money of his parents or his friende. When the vessel is launched, he must have it paddled with hired hands, while he lolls back and perhaps sees nothing but an unabstantial shadow of himself in the smooth waters. By and by the canoe, through carelessness and presumptuous steering, is dashed among the rapids, and he goes down. Should he come up again, he finds that he is abandoned by all, and that he has made a wreck where he might have made a fortune.

Young man or woman! paddle your own canoe! Even if you are favored with parents or friends who can give you one, be sure you earn it by the worthiness of your lives. In high purposes, in noble resolves, in generous deeds, in purity and virtuous endurance and blameness conversation, let your endeavors to paddle your own canoe be seen by all. Pull away! If the paddle breaks with striving against the rapids have another ready. If you have but one, pull with the stump of the old one! Don't relax one effort. One stroke lost, and it may be the fatal one! Your canoe if you have built it, like your friend, of the right material in your character, will hold out as long as yourself will. Pull away! And before long you may find yourself in as fair a haven as the man that "paddled his own canoe."

THE WORD "SELAH." The translators of the Bible have left the Hebrew word Selah, which occurs so often in the Psalms, as they found it, and, of course, the English reader often asks his minister, or some learned friend, what it means. And the minister or learned friend, has most often been obliged to confess ignorance, because it is a matter in regard to which the most learned have by no means been of one mind. The Targums and most of the Jewish commentators give the word meaning *eternally, forever.* Rabbi Kinchi regards it as a sign to elevate the voice. The authors of the Septuagint translation appears to have regarded it as a musical sign, equivalent perhaps to the word *repeat.* According to Luther and others it means *silence!* Genesius explains it to mean, *Let the instruments play and the singers stop.* Wochem regards it as equivalent to *sursum corda*, up my soul! Summer, after examining all the seventy-four passages in which the word occurs, recognizes in every case, 'an actual appeal or summons to Jehovah.' They are calls and prayers to be heard, expressed either with entire directness, or if not the imperative. 'Hear, Jehovah!' or, 'Awake, Jehovah!' and the like still earnest addresses to God that he would remember and hear, &c. The word itself he regards as indicating a blast of trumpets by the priests. Selah itself he thinks an abridged expression, used for Higgaion Selah. Higgaion indicating the sound of the stringed instruments, and Selah a vigorous blast of trumpets.

Bibliotheca Sacra.

STORY OF A HUMORIST.

Well, I have seen your friend; and find him to be exactly what you described him as being—a *humorist.* He seems to have imparted much of that character to everything around him. His servants were admirably well disciplined to second his whims, and his very furniture is, for the most part, adapted to the same purpose. This put me upon my guard; and there was hardly anything in the room that I did not touch with apprehension. No trick, however, was practised upon me; and, as I found subsequently, I was indebted for such indulgence to one which was reserved for me at night, and which was such as perhaps all my English phlegm would not have been able to bear with patience. I escaped, however, being put on the proof, by the merest accident—the arrival of a poor Scotch surveyor, who was thought a fitter subject for their very often repeated experiment.

The Scotchman was treated with extreme hospitality; he was helped to everything to excess; his glass was never allowed to stand full or empty for one moment. The potations were not suspended until, and only while, the cloth was laying for supper, during which and after they were resumed with renovated energy. Our entertainer was like the landlord described by Addison, the liquor seemed to have no more effect upon him than upon any other vessel in the house. It was not so with his Scotch guest, who was by this time much farther advanced upon the cruise of intoxication than *half seas over.*

In this state he was conducted to his chamber—a fine gothic apartment, with a bedstead that seemed coeval with the building. I say seemed, for that was no means the case, it being in reality, a modern piece of structure. It was of dark mahogany, with its four posts extending completely to the ceiling of the chamber. The bed, however, was not more than two feet from the floor, the better to enable the party to get into it.

The Scotchman, with a good deal of assistance, was soon undressed, and had his body deposited in this place of repose. All the party then retired, wishing him a good night's rest, and removing the candle for fear of accidents.

When the door was closed, I was, for the first time, made acquainted with the structure of the bedstead, which our host considered his masterpiece. Upon touching a spring outside the door, the bed was so acted upon by a pully, that it ascended slowly and smoothly through the four posts, until it came within two or three feet of the ceiling. The snoring of the Scotchman was the signal for touching the spring, and he was soon at the proper attitude.

The servants required no instructions how to act. In one moment the house was in an uproar; cries of "fire! fire!" was heard in different directions. A pile of shavings was set on fire opposite the room where poor Sawney slept. The landlord's voice was continually heard, exclaiming: "Good heavens! save the poor Scotch gentleman, if possible; the flames have got in the room under him."

At this moment we heard him fall and bellow out. A sudden silence took place; every light was extinguished, and the whole house seemed to be buried in the most profound repose. The Scotchman's voice could alone be heard, roaring out in the high dialect of his country for help.

At length, two of the men servants, in their shirts, entered the room with a candle just lit, as if they had been just aroused from their sleep. They found him lying sprawling on the floor. "Oh! my dear sir, what is the matter with you?"

"Matter!" says he; "why is not the house on fire?"

"Not at all, sir."

"What was the reason of the cries of fire, then?"

"Bless you, sir, you must have been dreaming; why there's not so much as a mouse stirring, and his honor and his whole family have been asleep for at least three hours."

The Scotchman now gave up all credit in the testimony of his own senses.

"I must ha' been dreaming, and ha' hurt myself by falling out of bed."

"Hurt yourself, sir—not much, I hope, the bed is so low;" and by this time it had been made to descend to its original height.

The poor Scott was quite confused; quite ashamed of disturbing the family; begged a thousand pardons, accompanied the servants to the door, closed it after them, and was once more left in the dark.

But the last act of the pantomine was not performed. The spring had been immediately touched upon closing the door, and the bed was soon beyond the reach of our guest. We could hear him groping about, and uttering frequent ejaculations of astonishment. He easily found the bed-posts, but it was in vain he endeavored to get in. He moved his hands up and down. His legs were often lifted by way of stepping in, but always encountered the floor upon its descent. He uttered his exclamations of surprise not loud, but deep, for fear of again disturbing the family. He concluded himself possessed of some evil spirit.

In short, when it was found by his silence, that he had given up the task as hopeless, and had disposed of himself upon one of the chairs, the bed was allowed to slide down again, and in the morning Sawney could not but express his astonishment at not being able to find it in the dark.—*Extract of a Letter written in* 1792.

HOW TO PREPARE DIGESTIBLE TOAST. A highly philosophical description is given in the Household Almanac for 1853, of the proper mode of toasting bread. It is as follows: "Chestnut brown will be far too deep a color for good toast; the nearer you can keep it to a straw color the more wholesome it will be. If you would have a slice of bread so toasted as to be pleasant to the palate, wholesome to the stomach, never let one particle of the surface be charred. To effect this is very obvious. It consists in keeping the bread at the proper distance from the fire, and exposing it to a proper heat for a due length of time. By this means the whole of the water may be evaporated out of it, and it may be changed from dough—which has always a tendency to undergo acetous fermentation, whether in the stomach or out of it—to the pure farina wheat, which is in itself one of the most wholesome species of food, not only for the strong and healthy, but the delicate and diseased. As it is turned to farina, it is disintergrated, the tough and gluey nature is gone, every part can be penetrated, it is equally warm all over, and not so as to turn the butter into oil, which, even in the case of the best butter, is invariably turning a wholesome substance into a poison. The properly toasted slice of bread absorbs the butter, but does not convert it into oil; and both butter and farina are in a state of very minute division, the one serving to expose the other to the free action of the gastric fluid in the stomach; so that when a slice of toast is rightly prepared there is not a lighter article in the whole vocabulary of crockery.

SPIDERS' THREAD. Austrian papers state that a merchant of Vienna has lately presented to the Industrial Union of that capital the details of a series of experiments made by him to manufacture spiders thread into woven tissues. The thread is wound on a reel, and two dozen spiders produce in six minutes a beautiful and delicate thread, two thousand feet in length. The stuffs manufactured are spoken of as being far superior to those of silk in beauty and delicacy of fabric.

Scientific American.

THE SAVANNAH INSTITUTE FOR SAVINGS. The late hour at which the Annual Statement of the officers of the above institution was received on Tuesday night, rendered it impossible for us to give it the notice which it deserves. Under the judicious management of the present and former officers, the Institute has gradually grown into importance, and is now firmly established in the public confidence.

It is a striking evidence of the importance of concentrating and controlling the small earnings of the many, for the benefit of all. The one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, now on deposit in the Institute, is composed mostly of small sums, which, if not wasted by the possessors, would have otherwise lain perfectly dormant—useless to the parties themselves, and beyond the reach of men engaged in active business.

In the Savings Bank, they not only yield compound interest to the depositors, but are employed directly to benefit the trade of the city. This very report shows that nearly one hundred thousand dollars of the amount has been used in discounting paper. It has been converted into the nimble shilling, which maketh rich and dispenseth blessings to thousands.

One great beauty of these Savings Institutes is, that the money is always active as long as it is in the possession of the Bank; and yet the depositor can withdraw it at any moment his necesaities or interests many prompt him to do so. We really regard such associations as public benefactions, and all those who control them properly, as the most sincere friends of the working classes. Savannah has been particularly fortunate in having such an institution, in the hands of cool, calculating, business men—men of integrity and character; we sincerely trust that all classes may avail themselves of its advantages.

Sav. Courier.

THE CULTIVATION OF CELERY. This excellent vegetable is becoming more common in the kitchen gardens in this country than formerly. As there are many who still deprive themselves of it because of the supposed difficulty in raising it, a few words in regard to its cultivation may not come amiss. The seeds should be sown early in April, in rich, moist soil. We prefer to sow thin, in order to give the plants more exposure, that they may become more stocky and hardy before transplanting. The seeds vegetate very slow. For transplanting we dig a trench, if convenient, east and west, about twenty inches deep and fourteen wide, and fill it to depth of six inches with short stable manure, and cover this with three inches of rich loam. We had very good success last year in mixing the soil and manure thoroughly together and transplanting in it. In taking up the plants be careful to leave as much of the soil as possible attached to their roots, as all plants thrive better by not breaking their roots. Set them about six inches apart. For winter use, from the first to the middle of July is the proper time for transplanting. If dry they should be watered in the morning and covered from exposure to the hot sun for a few days. The plant should remain from a month to six weeks before earthing up. In earthing bring the stems together with one hand, while with the other draw the soil tightly around them, taking care not to mangle the top, nor cover them in the least with the soil—leaving them above the surface. This should be done as often as required by their growth—say once in eight or ten days. To preserve for winter use there are different modes. One is to remain in dry litter—some use leaves—sufficiently to keep the ground from freizing around them. Another is, to dig them carefully and set them in sand along the cellar bottom, covering the bleached parts of the stalk with the sand; this, with proper care, is a very good method. Care, however, must be taken to preserve them from the rats, as they are extremely fond of them.

HANDSOMELY DONE. We clip the following from the Ashborough, N. C. Reporter: In our Court last week, Judge S. presiding, the following episode occurred. The members of the bar were all busily engaged examining their papers, and W. J. L's. client, a young man and apparently decidedly green, walked in and took his station at Mr. L's. back with his *hat on*, and looked on the scene before him as none but an uncouth chap can look.

Judge—"Mr. L., is that your client?" pointing to tha youth.

Mr. L., without knowing why the question was put, turned round, and, seeing his client as above described, and guessing without a moment's reflection the cause of the question, exclaimed to him in a half suppressed tone and with a frown of displeasure "take off your hat!"—which, of course was done sooner than commanded. Mr. L. immediately turned round to the Judge, and with inimitable *sang froid*, answered his question, "he is *now*, if your Honor please!" and resumed his business.

The manufacture of Medium Tables in aid of the Spirit Rappings has become a profitable branch of business. The New York Journal of Commerce thus describes their construction: "The table is like an ordinary one, with a top formed of thick board; but concealed within a cavity, in the latter, is a small apparatus, with a kind of hammer for producing the "raps." The hammer is so constructed with a wire running down through the table leg, that the latter has only to be in contact with a nail head, or something of the kind, in the floor, to enable the operater to produce the raps by means of galvinism."

THE DREAM OF LIFE. How few of us at the close of life can say, "I have filled and occupied the position to which I looked forward when a boy!" In the onward progress of life, how often, in some stray moment of thought and reflection, do we not find ourselves inquiring, "Is this as I hoped?—have I enacted my dream?" And the answer is invariably, No! We look forward in childhood—and only look forward—without reflection. We build up gorgeous palaces, we sketch a career of life all gold and sunshine,—what are they, and where are they, when years sober us?

Into a tumbler, three parts filled with water, drop two or three small lumps of phosphuret of lime; a decomposition will take place, and phosphuretted hydrogen gas be produced, bubbles of which will rise to the surface, when they immediately take fire and explode, tern inating in beautiful ringlets of smoke. This is the same kind of gas which is generated at the bottom of shallow pools of stagnant water, in boggy and marshy places, and in graveyards. It becomes ignited by contract with the air, and is called ignis fatuns, or Wil-o'-the-Wisp.

There are three kinds of men in this world—the "will's," the "wont's," and the "cant's." The former effect everything, the other oppose everything, and the latter fail in everything. I "will" builds our railroads and steamboats; I "won't" don't believe in experiments and nonsense, while I "can't" grews weeds for wheat, and commonly ends his days in the slow digestion of a court of bankruptcy.

NEW MATERIAL FOR PAPER. Herr Von Parmewitz, the inventor of the process of making wool from pine trees, has recently presented to the King of Prussia specimens of paper made of the same material. Another ingenious individual at Giersdorf, has also made paper from the red pine, which is so white and good as to be fit for writing and drawing, and needs no sizing because of its resinous quality.

The following paragraph has appeared in one or more of the Charleston and Savannah papers:

"The Litchfield Republican says that Henry Ward, a compositor in the office of that paper, wrote the beautiful hymn commencing 'I would not live alway.' It has been attributed to Bishop Heber."

The above will probably go the rounds of the press, and it may be well to state that it is *entirely erroneous.* The hymn referred to was written by Rev. Dr. Muhlenburg, now Rector of a church in New York. The original of this production is in our possession, (says the Macon Telegraph,) and differs in some respect from the version found in most of the collections for public worship.

I would not live alway—live alway below!
O no! I'll not linger, when bidden to go.
The days of our pilgrimage granted us here,
Are enough for life's woes, full enough for its cheer.
Would I shrink from the path which the prophets of God,
Apostles and martyrs, so joyfully trod?
While bretheren and friends are all hastening home,
Like a spirit unblest o'er the earth would I roam?

I would not live alway—I ask not to stay,
Where storm after storm rises dark o'er the way;
Where seeking for peace we but hover around,
Like the patriarch's bird, and no resting is found:
Where hope, when she paints her gay bow in the air,
Leaves a brilliance to fade in the night of despair,
And joy's fleeting angel ne'er sheds a glad ray,
Save the gleam of the plumage that bears him away.

I would not live alway—thus fettered by sin;
Temptation without and corruption within:
In a moment of strength, if I sever the chain,
Scarce the victory is mine ere I'm captive again.
E'en the rapture of pardon is mingled with fears,
And my cup of thanksgiving with penitent tears;
The festival trump calls for jubilant songs,
But my spirit her own *miserere* prolongs.

I would not live alway—no, welcome the tomb;
Immortality's lamp burns there bright mid the gloom;
There, too, is the pillow where Christ bowed his head;
O! soft are the slumbers on that holy bed.
And then the glad dawn soon to follow that night,
When the sunrise of glory shall beam on my sight,
When the full matin song, as the sleepers arise
To shout in the morning, shall peal through the skies.

Who, who would live alway? away from his God,
Away from yon heaven, that blissful abode,
Where the rivers of pleasure flow o'er the bright plains,
And the moontide of glory eternally reigns;
Where the saints of all ages in harmony meet,
Their Saviour and brethren transported to greet,
While the songs of salvation unceasingly roll,
And the smile of the Lord is the feast of the soul.

That heavenly music! what is it I hear?
The notes of the harpers ring sweet in the air;
And see, soft unfolding those portals of gold,
The King all arrayed in his beauty behold!
O! give me, O! give me the wings of a dove!
Let me hasten my flight to those mansions above:
Aye, 'tis now that my soul on swift pinions would soar,
And in ecstacy bid earth adieu evermore.

ARRIVAL OF SANTA ANNA IN MEXICO.

The English steamer Avon arrived at Havana from Vera Cruz on the 10rh instant. To the latter port she brought General Santa Anna on the 1st. He was received with the greatest enthusiasm—firing of salutes, and other demonsirations of joy. The authorities of the city, and those recently arrived from the capital, went on board and conducted him to Vera Cruz with great solemnity. The President disembarked, leaning on the arms of the commandant General and of the civil Governor.

A triumphal arch was erected on the grand plaza through which he passed. On one side of the arch were inscribed the words, "To his Excellency the President, Don Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna, 17th March, 1853;" on the other, "Liberty, Peace and Order." The cortege proceeded to the Church, and after a solemn *te deum*, conducted the President to the National Palace, when Santa Anna received the commission charged with presenting to him the credentials of his having been elected President of the Republic. Other commissions of minor importance were afterwards presented. During the night there were illuminations, fireworks, and numerous serenades.

On the following day (the 2d) General Santa Anna published a manifesto to the nation, of which we subjoin a translation.

General Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna to his Compatriots.

Mexicans—On placing my foot on the shores of my country, I salute them with the liveliest emotion. My heart has palpitated with tenderness from the time when my eyes commenced to discover around our coast the lofty mountains which indicate the proximity of a land in which everything is dear to my heart, in which everything brings to me the dearest reminiscences.

You had called me, believing me useful to save you from the state of anarchy and superstition into which you had fallen, and I have not delayed in responding to your summons. You already have me on your soil, resolved to employ all my energies in an object of such essential importance. But if I have been quick to come at your call, it is from reckoning upon your efficacious co-operation. Of no use will be my firm resolution to consecrate myself entirely to the salvation of the country, if every one of you do not assist me, co-operating with all his ability to the attainment of these ends.

Far from me is the thought of avenging ancient grievances. Those who have been my enemies may dismiss all fear. Everything is forgotten; and in touching the shores of my country, I present to all the hand of friendship. Neither do I come to make any party prevail. I come only to raise the sacred standard of union, summoning to follow it all Mexicans whatever may be their opinions. Every man whose heart swells and is moved at the voice of his country, he is my friend, he is my companion.

Mexicans, too long have we permitted ourselves to be deceived by chimerical ideas. We have lost too much time in intestine dissensions. A sad reality has come to drag us from such a deplorable deception. To what have we arrived at the end of thirty years of independence? Cast an eye on the map of your country, and you will find that a great portion of your territory has been lost. Examine the state of your finances, and you will meet nothing but disorder, abuse, ruin. What is your credit abroad? What is the opinion which you enjoy in foreign nations? Where is that army in whose lines I have had the honor to serve, that army which gained your independence, in which I glory of having no small part—that army which I led through the deserts, conquering difficulties which appeared insuperable, to the frontier of the republic—at whose head I repelled an inimical invasion, and with which I fought—with little fortune, but not without honor—when your capital was occupied by the enemy.

Mexicans, let us become ourselves again. Let us improve the hard lessons of experience. Let us repair the errors we have committed. Here you have me to contribute my share to this honorable reputation. Toil with me in good faith in this glorious work, and we may still have country, national honor, and a name which we will not be ashamed to own.

Soldiers! comrades in arms! Behold anew at your head your old general, him who has conducted you aforetime with glory; him who has not abandoned you in the moment of misfortune; him who bears on his body an honorable mutilation, and who, with you, has exposed his breast to the balls of the enemy in the days of your misfortune. Listen to a voice which is not unknown to you. Follow your general and friend; let us restore to our noble profession the lustre of which it has been deprived; and although the relations of friendship which exist with all nations, and which I shall cultivate with all care, may not at present make your gallantry necessary, let us be ready, should national honor require it, to prove, in the face of all the world, what the Mexican soldiers have always sheltered in their breasts.

Mexicans, of all classes! Let the day of my return to the country be the day of general reconciliation, and let the joy which it causes me to find myself among you, exhibit itself in all assembled around the national standard, and let us hear all shout with the same union and enthusiasm as in 1821, *Viva la patria, viva la independencia.* (Long live the country, long live independence.) These are the wishes with which I present myself at your call; these the vows of your compatriot and friend.

ANTONIO LOPEZ DE SANTA ANNA.

HEROICAL, Vera Cruz, April 2, 1853.

"SMALL STORES"—1853-'54.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, March 31, 1853.

PROPOSALS, sealed and endorsed "Proposals for small stores," will be received at this bureau until 3 o'clock, p. m., on Thursday, the 28th day of April next, for furnishing and delivering (on receiving ten days' notice) at the United States navy-yards at Charlestown, Massachusetts; Brooklyn, New York; and Gosport, Virginia, such quantities *only* of the following articles as may be required or ordered from the contractor by the chief of this bureau, or by the respective commanding officers of the said navy-yards, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1854, viz:

Boxes, shaving	Handkerchiefs, silk, fancy colors
Brushes, shaving	Looking-glasses
Brushes, scrubbing	*Mustard seed
Brushes, shoe	Needles, sewing, assorted
Brushes, clothes	*Pepper, black
Buttons, navy, vest	*Pepper, red
Buttons, navy, coat	Razors, in single cases
Buttons, dead-eye	Razor strops
Blacking, boxes of	Riband, hat
Beeswax	Soap, shaving, in cakes
Combs, coarse	Silk, sewing, blue, black
Combs, fine	Scissors
Cotton, spools of	Spoons
Grass, for hats	Thread, black, white and blue
Jackknives	Tape, black and white
Handkerchiefs, cotton	Thimbles.

*Mustard and pepper will be required at New York only, and in the raw state.

All the articles must be of good quality, equal to the best of those generally used in the service, and conformable to the samples (*all of which have been recently selected and new*) deposited at said navy yards and in this bureau and subject to such inspection at the navy-yard where delivered as the chief of this bureau may direct, and be in all respects satisfactory to the inspecting officer, said officer to be appointed by the Navy Department. All the articles to be delivered free of all incidental expense to the government, in proper vessels or packages, and the price of each and every article must be the same at the respective places of delivery. Every separate package in which one or more dozen of the above articles are packed, and the boxes, bales, or barrels in which the same may be delivered, shall be marked with their contents, the name of the contractor, and the month and year when put up; and, when desired, in good, substantial shipping order.

The contractor must establish agencies at such stations other than his residence, that no delay may arise in furnishing what may be required; and when the contractor or agent fails promptly to comply with a requisition, the chief of the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing shall be authorized to direct purchases to be made to supply the deficiency, under the penalty to be expressed in the contract; the record of a requisition, or a duplicate copy thereof, at the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, or at either of the navy-yards aforesaid, shall be evidence that such requisition has been made and received.

Two or more approved sureties, in a sum equal to the estimated amount of the contract, will be required, and ten per centum in addition will be withheld from the amount of all payments on account thereof as collateral security, to secure its performance, and not in any event to be paid until it is in all respects complied with; ninety per centum of the amount of all deliveries made will be paid by the navy agent within thirty days after bills, duly authenticated, shall have been presented to him.

Blank forms of proposals may be obtained on application to the navy agents at Portsmouth, New Hampshire; Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk, Pensacola, and at this bureau.

A record or duplicate of the letter informing a bidder of the acceptance of his proposal will be deemed a notification thereof within the meaning of the act of 1846, and his bid will be made and accepted in conformity with this understanding.

Every offer made must be accompanied (as directed in the act of Congress making appropriations for the naval service for 1846-'47, approved 10th August, 1846) by a written guarantde, signed by one or more responsible persons, to the effect that he or they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into an obligation within five days, with good and sufficient sureties, to furnish the supplies proposed. The bureau will not be obligated to consider any proposal unless accompanied by the guarantee required by law; the competency of the guarantee to be certified by the navy agent, district attorney, or some officer of the general government known to the bureau.

Extract from the act of Congress approved Aug. 10, 1846.

"SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the passage of this act every proposal for naval supplies invited by the Secretary of the Navy, under the proviso to the general appropriation bill for the navy, approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-three, shall be accompanied by a written guarantee, signed by one or more responsible persons, to the effect that he or they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into an obligation, in such time as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy, withgood and sufficient sureties, to furnish the supplies proposed. No proposal shall be considered unless accompanied by such guarantee. If after the acceptance of a proposal and a notification thereof to the bidder or bidders, he or they shall fail to enter into an obligation within the time prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy with good and sufficient sureties for furnishing the supplies, then the Secretary of the Navy shall proceed to contract with some other person or persons for furnishing the said supplies, and shall forthwith cause the difference between the amount contained in the proposal so guarantied and the amount for which he may have contracted for furnishing the said supplies for the whole period of the proposal to be charged up against said bidder or bidders, and his or their guarantor or guarantors; and the same may be immediately recovered by the United States, for the use of the Navy Department, in an action of debt against either or all of said persons."

March 31st, 1853. 966—w4w.

NIEMEYER & WHITE,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND
General Produce Brokers,
PORTSMOUTH, VA.,

OFFER their services to the Shipping, Planting, Trading and Manufacturing Interests.

We will give strict attention to Shipping or Selling Tobacco, Cotton, Flour, Grain, Provisions, Lumber and Naval Stores; and Forwarding Merchandise with Despatch.

Lime, Plaster, Guano, Cement and Salt, always on hand.

HENRY V. NIEMEYER. JAMES C. WHITE.
April 7th, 1853. 41 3m.

NIEMEYER & WHITE,
PORTSMOUTH, VA.

OFFER FOR SALE: 1,000 Sacks Liverpool Salt,
800 Casks Eastern and W. C. Lime,
150 bbls. S. F. Flour,
12 Hhds. Sides and Shoulders,
10,000 lbs. Virginia Cured Family Bacon,
50 packages Refined Sugar.
Orders for Merchandize filled with despatch.

NIEMEYER & WHITE.
Portsmouth, Va. April 14, 1853. 43—3m.

HARRIS'S BAKERY.
NORFOLK, VA.

THE old and widely known establishment continues to furnish, of superior quality, and on the most reasonable terms:

BUTTER CRACKERS, WATER CRACKERS,
SUGAR CRACKERS, SODA CRACKERS,
ANTI-DYSPEPSIA CRACKERS,
AND WINE BISCUIT,

Also, MOLASSES CAKES, suitable for country stores, neatly put up in barrels and smaller packages.

CHARLES HARRIS.
Norfolk, April 25, 1853. 46—9t.pd.

PETER W. HINTON,
Commission & Forwarding Merchant,
NO. 9, ROANOKE SQUARE.
NORFOLK, VA.

LIBERAL advancements on consignments of Merchandize.
Merchandize forwarded with despatch.

REFERENCES.
Maj. Chas. L. Hinton, Raleigh.
George W. Haywood, Esq., Raleigh.
J. B. G. Roulhac, Esq., Raleigh.
William Plummer, Esq., Warrenton.
April 19, 1853. 44—w.6m.

A. & H. HARRIS,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NORFOLK, VA.

WILL make liberal advances on consignments, if desired.
April 19, 1853. 44—1

THE STANDARD.

RALEIGH, SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1853.

THE MAILS, &c. &c.

It so turns out that whenever the Northern Mail fails here, the failure happens at the very time when we are in want of news for our numerous readers. We blame no one for it, for the simple reason that, of course, no one is to blame. It was caused either by a run-off, a stop-short, or a strap-iron Railroad between this and New York, or some other village; and it will occur again, we have no doubt, every other Thursday morning or so with provoking regularity. We cannot help it. Our readers must digest what they have, and wait patiently for more.

There are many, very many things about which, in the absence of news, we might write; and if we knew precisely what our readers preferred, they should be served to almost any extent. By the way, however, we have learned during our experience in these duties that a newspaper is not to be judged so much by the amount of original matter it contains as by its selections. It requires close reading and *scissors!* to make up an interesting sheet.

"Have we a Bourbon among us?" Possibly we have—probably we have not. If we have, why then let him remain—this is a free country, with the two oceans and with the North and the South for its boundaries; if we have not, why then "the Bourbon" is somewhere else. We make our respects to him, and wish him a plentiful supply of "creature comforts" and any quantity of hope.

The Gardiner trial is still going on at Washington City, and bids fair to be as interminable as the Bourbon question. We have not read it, and we hope no one else has. We predict he will be acquitted. There are several others, who figured under the late administration, who might be advantageously "hauled over the coals" as well as Gardiner; but as that was their last opportunity for filching from Uncle Sam, and as it would be next to impossible to convict them, we suppose they might as well be allowed to run.

Our Wilmington friends—judging by the tone of their presses—have taken the late Railroad Celebration in good taste and becoming temper. The Journal and Commercial have not, we believe, alluded to it, and the Herald and Press have got along with it quite handsomely. Well, what of it? Certain Counties and neighborhoods in this State have heretofore traded with Norfolk and Petersburg. The current of trade, like water, will seek its natural outlet; but we can tell our Wilmington friends that the hearts of those in this quarter who joined in the celebration, and who acted properly, as we think, in thus joining, *had Wilmington in them*—and not only Wilmington, *but Beaufort*, and the Railroad that is to be to the latter, one of the best harbors on the Atlantic coast, and the only one directly on the Atlantic. We rejoice over what *is*, and we anticipate much more for the ports of our own beloved State. The citizens of Wilmington, having failed in their efforts for an appropriation for the Cape Fear Bar at the late Congress, have gone to work themselves to raise the necessary funds; and *they will accomplish their object*, whether Congress should help them or not. But the general government ought not to *aid*—it ought to *do* the work. We believe it will. If Wilmington can only maintain her present position as an exporting City, she must continue to grow and prosper; if she can effect, at whatever reasonable cost or effort, the contemplated improvement of her Bar, she will from that moment spring forward with renewed energy and hope. Our best wishes are with her. She has citizens, who, for intelligence, enterprise and public spirit have no superiors either in or out of North Carolina—men who are capable of confronting Fate itself, and of *compelling* prosperity to the standard of their industry and their labors.

The Road from Goldsborough to this place will soon be completed, and then Wilmington will learn more of the people here, of their views, their interests, and their feelings; and when the great work shall have been accomplished from Goldsborough to Charlotte, though Norfolk may take some of the trade, Petersburg some, but not as much as Norfolk, yet Wilmington will receive enough to gratify the wishes of her most enterprising citizens.

We take it for granted that the travel for New York and other Northern Cities from this region will, to a great extent, take the Norfolk route. The traveller may leave Raleigh at four P. M.—arrive at Norfolk in eight hours, and in New York, by ocean steamer, in twenty-seven hours more—making thirty-five hours from this point to New York. Or he may touch at Baltimore by steamer, and proceed to Philadelphia and New York, reaching the latter place in several hours less time. Talking of the Mails, we trust the Thursday morning failures will be less frequent after this route shall have been established.

P. S. It is due to Railroads generally, and the Gaston Road particularly, to state that the Mail has arrived since the above was written, the cars having been detained by an accident that could not be avoided.

The Union speaking of our relations with Mexico, and the accession to power in that country of Santa Anna, says: "If the friendly relations of the two countries should be interrupted, the unfortunate event will not be in consequence of the unjust action of this government. A satisfactory solution of existing difficulties with Mexico is sincerely sought by the government, which is prepared to make every reasonable sacrifice to peace."

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

We have the latest intelligence by the Humboldt—Liverpool dates to the 12th instant.

The political news is not important.

France was quiet.

The rebellion in China was still increasing, causing a complete panic at Pekin.

Cotton had been in fair demand, and holders were very firm. Bacon and Breadstuffs had slightly improved.

MR. EDWARD'S ADDRESS.

Mr. Edwards commences his defence of his course in regard to Free Suffrage, as follows:

"For the course I deemed it my duty to pursue, as Speaker of the Senate, in the last General Assembly, in regard to the "Free Suffrage" Bill, in withholding my vote from it on its final reading, I have been arraigned at the bar of public opinion for disloyalty to the principles of Democracy; and the most unsparing vituperation has been dealt out to me—nay, many would consign me to the block—and demand my political life of as little value as it is—as an atonement for what they arrogantly denounce as an offence against the majesty of party. Whether I am an offender to this extent will appear in the sequel of this paper. It will be seen, that, for *my* political principles, I have looked to the example and precepts of the sages and Fathers of the Church—and not to the crude views of the younglings of yesterday—nor to the teachings of modern political Doctors, who claim the right to prescribe new articles of faith—as tests of Orthodoxy—and, as by *authority*—to proscribe and excommunicate all who do not subscribe to them."

Now, so far as we are concerned we have "dealt out" no "vituperation" on the gentleman. We have uniformly spoken of him with respect; and though we disapproved his conduct as a public man on this question, we have neither impeached his motives nor questioned the soundness of his Democracy on other issues. He says he has been "arrogantly" denounced as an offender against the majesty of party; our reply is, that it would be strange if all the Democratic members of the last Assembly were wrong in voting for Free Suffrage, and Mr. Edwards alone right in refusing to sustain it. If, therefore, any "arrogance" has been exhibited, it has not been by those who differed unanimously with Mr. Edwards. An "arrogant" person is defined to be a "conceited" person—that is, one who is right, though every one else may be wrong—one, of a body of friends and associates, who deliberately takes his own course in opposition to the entire body, and then censures *them* for differing with *him!* That is "arrogance."

Mr. Edwards says, "for my political principles I have looked to the example and precepts of the sages and fathers of the Church, and not to the crude views of the younglings of yesterday—nor to the teachings of modern political Doctors, who claim the right to prescribe new articles of faith." NATHANIEL MACON was one of the "sages and fathers" referred to—one of the purest and safest Democrats that ever trod the soil of America. Well, what was *his* opinion in relation to Free Suffrage? We quote from the "Debates of the Convention" of 1835, page 69, as follows:

"The President [Mr. Macon] said, *he did not approve of the land qualification for voters.* Suppose two respectable neighbors had each a son—that one of them had fifty acres of land, perhaps not worth more than twenty five cents an acre, and the other had no land, but was a good blacksmith or shoemaker, and his standing in society irreproachable, *why will you allow one to vote and not the other?*"

Did Mr. Edwards ever read that to his constituents, and attempt a reply to it? Are these the "crude views" of a "youngling of yesterday"?

The masses of the people of the State, in demanding Free Suffrage *stand upon the Macon platform*, and their position is impregnable.

Mr. Edwards' rather contemptuous allusion to "younglings" and to "modern political Doctors" is neither well founded nor in good taste. His party, in two Conventions—composed of young men not more "arrogant" than others, and of old men, who can produce quite as long a record of Democratic service as he can—deliberately and unanimously announced themselves in favor of this Constitutional amendment, and placed themselves upon it before the people, trusting not to "crude views," nor to the suggestions of "younglings," nor to "modern" theories, but to THE TRUTH, as old as free government itself, and sanctioned by the sages of the party in this and all the other States; and they would have succeeded in their efforts at the late session, but for the opposition of Whigs, and of one, elected as a Democrat, and who was indebted for the place he occupied as Speaker to the liberality and kindness of the very men who are now held up by him as "younglings," or as "modern political Doctors, claiming the right to prescribe new articles of faith." We say, therefore, that the allusion is neither well founded nor in good taste; nor must Mr. Edwards be surprised if his blows have brought, not only heat to the surface, but fire from the flint. The advocates of this great principle of free government are not the men to submit tamely to epithets and to a course of attack designed and calculated to bring odium on their cause; they have the spirit not merely to carry this question to its consummation, no matter who may oppose it, but to defend themselves in the meantime against the assaults made upon it and them.

More hereafter.

THE STEAMER INDEPENDENCE. There were about 150 persons lost in the burning of this Steamer, recently, on the Pacific coast. About four hundred were saved, and had been taken to San Francisco in great distress. Lieut. Stanly, a native of this State, was on board, and it is to be hoped he was saved, as his name does not appear among the lost. The scene is described as having been most terrible.

☞ We learn that on Monday last Mr. Lane, Bricklayer, who has been engaged upon the Lunatic Asylum near this place, inflicted a blow upon a man by the name of Cruse or Cross, which it is feared will prove mortal. We have heard none of the particulars. Mr. Lane has not been arrested, having left soon after the occurrence.

☞ We are indebted to Mr. Pomery for the May number of Harper's Magazine. Its circulation is now one hundred and eighteen thousand copies, and it deserves it all. The present number is filled with valuable and interesting matter. Price, twenty-five cents per number, or $3 per annum.

ODD FELLOWS. The annual meeting of the Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd fellows of this State will take place in Wilmington, on Monday the 9th of May next.

LOUISIANA SENATOR. No choice has yet been made of a successor to Mr. Soule. Mr. Slidell was a prominent candidate.

Santa Anna proceeded to the city of Mexico on the 6th, having been elected as President of the Republic for the fifth time by the votes of eighteen out of twenty-three States and territories.

MEETING IN LENOIR.

The last Republican and Patriot contains the proceedings of a meeting of the Democrats of Lenoir County, held in Kinston on the 16th April. Council Wooten, Esq. presiding, and Stephen Herring and Jno. S. Davis, Secretaries. Delegates were appointed to represent the County in the Convention to be held in Newbern on the 9th of June next; and the following Resolutions were adopted:

"*Resolved.* That the Democrats of Lenoir cordially respond to the call made by our brethren of the county of Wayne for a convention of Delegates, from counties comprising this Congressional District, to be held in the town of Newbern, on the 9th day of June next, for the purpose of nominating a suitable Candidate of the Democratic party, to represent this District in the next Congress of the United States.

Resolved, That all the antecedents of Gen. Franklin Pierce, thus far, especially the doctrines of his Inaugural address, justify us in anticipating with the fullest assurance and confidence, an able and admirable administration of the affairs of the General Government, the safety and integrity of the Constitution, the peace and prosperity of the Union and the rights of the States—and in view of rendering that support to his administration, which is due and proper at the hands of its friends and to realize the fullest results of the glorious triumphs achieved by our own party, during the several campaigns of the past year, therefore,

Resolved, That it is *incumbent on*, and the *bounden duty of every good and true Democrat*, every where, and all times, sacredly, to regard, and faithfully preserve the harmony and integrity of the party—by avoiding all dissensions among ourselves or making any affiliations with our opponents, and by observing a spirit of compromise, concert, and concession, in our organization for the ensuing Campaign—that *success* to our party, and the *perpetuity* of its time-honored principles may be maintained.

Resolved, That the Democrats of Lenoir, cherish undiminished confidence in the ability, patriotism and fidelity of Col. Thos. Ruffin, of Wayne, and would manifest their gratefulness for his past services, by their generous support, should he again be the standard bearer of the party—but relying implicitly upon the wisdom and patriotism of the convention, we pledge our warm, united and zealous support, only to its nominee, knowing that the Delegates in Convention will counsel and consult together for the greatest good and general welfare of the party at large, and that they will present no name that is not worthy and well qualified."

DEPARTURE OF OUR GUESTS. Nearly all of the guests of Norfolk—the gallant sons and accomplished daughters of the "Old North State," who partook of the hospitalities of our city on Thursday—left in the cars for their homes yesterday morning, giving, on their departure, as they had done during their short stay, the most unmistakeable evidences of satisfaction and gratification at their reception and entertainment. There appeared to be but one sentiment, one simultaneous outburst of enthusiastic applause when the shrill voice of the steam-horse echoed again along our shores, and our friends were about to leave for the fertile valleys and green hills of our beautiful sister State.

We record with much pleasure that our visitors were delighted with their trip to the two adjacent towns, where they were received and entertained in so welcome and cordial a manner. It appears, also, that a very good impression was made upon their minds with regard to our commercial facilities, and that a large number among the hundreds present, expressed a determination to trade here and use their influence in building up and establishing a heavy, and extensive business at our port—the great outlet of the two States to the ocean, and to the marts of the world.

As an intimation of the extensive consignments that will shortly be made to our merchants, we may appropriately mention that Mr. Branch, the esteemed president of the Raleigh and Gaston Road, stated at the supper given to our citizens in Raleigh, on Tuesday last, that one gentleman alone had made arrangements to send by this line half a million of staves and two hundred thousand barrels of tar.

The effect of this social greeting—this great festive gathering, will tell, both directly and indirectly, upon the interests of Norfolk; and the prospect which already brightens in the distance, is cheering indeed to the hearts of our people, who must therefore feel a sentiment of gratitude to those who have been most instrumental in hastening the completion of the important connection which we have so appropriately celebrated. *Norfolk Argus.*

DON'T FIGHT. Norfolk; very much tickled at the completion of the link connecting Gaston and Weldon, and beholding, in prospective, long trains of North Carolina produce rolling in upon her, cuts the pigeon wing in high glee, fancies herself a city, grows affectionate towards her dear, dear North Carolina, and speaks a good word for herself, while giving Petersburg a dig under the ribs, as thus:

"Our merchants will have a new field opened to them, which they are taking steps to explore, while our Carolina friends will be relieved of the exactions of the Petersburg monopoly, and have a choice of markets opened to them."

This makes old Petersburg mad. Raising his specs, "Don't make a fool of yourself, Norfolk," he roars. "*My Monopolies?*" "I havn't any." "Prove it." "It's very easy to make general charges, but very difficult to descend to specifics. Why couldn't you enjoy yourself the other day on your grand jollification, when you and Portsmouth and Baltimore and Raleigh all clinked glasses together, without abusing me? What in thunder do you mean by it? You want to prejudice me with my North Carolina friends, do you? I'll let you know I have as many of them as you, and love 'em *better.* I sell them goods *cheap*, and we both make money. My monopolies! You'd better look out or they'll make you nothing more than *a water station* between Baltimore and my dear, dear, dear North Carolina."

Friends and cousins, keep cool. Why get excited? Don't fight. Fortunately we have enough for both of you. Go in and win. Help yourselves. And if together you can make as much out of us, *as Charleston means to do*, you are perfectly welcome. *Wilmington Herald.*

NEUSE RIVER IMPROVEMENT. The Newberne News states that this work is progressing finely. The heavy and continued rains for some time after operations were commenced, were against the progress of the work. But for some time past the water has been comparatively low, and the river in fine order for operating to advantage. The hands are at present engaged, we learn, mostly in the construction of wing dams, and clearing the channel. One of these, the first in the river, is completed or nearly so, and others are in a state of progress. The machinery works admirably, and the work is going ahead finely.

The News adds:

We are strongly in hopes of seeing the work completed as far at least as Kinston, by October next, except perhaps the Lock and Dam which is to be constructed near that town. To complete this may require more time. *Wilmington Herald.*

NOT BAD! The N. Y. correspondent of the New Orleans Bulletin says:

Gen. Scott has become one of our citizens. Last week he purchased the magnificent house recently built on Twelfth street, near Fifth Avenue, by Charles Partridge, Esq., the manufacturer of Locofoco Matches. He who has accumulated a fortune by the making of locofocos, sells a palatial residence to a man who is politically killed by the same material. The General after all, will owe his domestic retirement, in a double sense, to *Locofocos!* He paid $26,000 for the house with stable—just $1000 more than a year's salary as President.

SUPERIOR COURT. The Superior Court commenced its session in this town yesterday, and will continue for two weeks. Judge Dick is the presiding officer—an honest, humane, and upright Judge, to whom the rights of the citizen may be as safely entrusted, as to any other of the Judges on our Superior Court Bench. *Wilmington Commercial.*

APPOINTMENTS. We see that Mr. H. F. Hancock, has been appointed Collector of the Customs at Washington in this State.

And Mr. John Taylor, postmaster at Goldsboro' in place of J. B. Whitaker, removed.

HON. W. R. KING.

We measure and mark our progress, as a nation, in the life of such a man as William R. King, of Alabama. At his death we halt, as the tired traveler on the mountain top, who looks back over the path he has traversed, and by the sunset light, counts the miles he has left behind him. Heated by the excitement of this progressive and forward age, we quietly rest upon the event marked by the close of his career, and in his own history trace the record of the past, and anticipate the thick coming glories of the future. Sixty-seven years he lived a life of stainless honor and extended usefulness. During this lapse of time the Revolution was decided, the articles of Confederation agreed upon, the Constitution formed, and when he entered the public councils it was to stand by Jefferson and the Democratic party, then, as now, the party of deathless principle and undying patriotism. He was contemporary with Washington and Adams. He voted for Henry Clay for speaker of the national House of Representatives forty-three years ago; voted for and defended the declaration of the last war against England; went abroad with Pinkney nearly forty years ago, and in 1819 he took his seat in the Senate of the United States, which dignified position he continued to fill, with the exception of the space of time consumed by his mission to the French Court, from 1844 to 1846, until the day of his death—having been elected Vice President while a Senator from Alabama, by the popular acclaim of November last. This long chain of years extended through eras of wonderful interest to mankind. He saw the meteor progress of Napoleon from obscurity to empire, the army to the throne, and from Waterloo to St. Helena. He saw Revolution drive her bloody car over the fairest regions of the old world. He saw South America break the bonds of Spanish tyranny. He saw Florida, Louisiana, Texas and California added to the Union. He saw our flag wave in triumph over land and sea in two wars with foreign foes. But more than all, he saw his country advance in every peaceful art, and he saw, how on this soil, so dear to oppressed of all nations, Freedom, and "Civilization, on luminous wings, rise Phœnix like, to Jove." Well may we say that in the record of his life, we may renew the recollections of our Country's advancement in arms, in art, in literature, in law, in religion, and in government.

William R. King was a citizen of distinguished ability, integrity and patriotism. He owed much in the progress of his long and eminent intercourse with public affairs to these three great essentials, and his obedience and his adherence to the honor and honesty which formed the basis of his career, is a valuable example to his countrymen, and may always be observed and imitated with pleasure. He was so pure in his motives and so direct and consistent in his analysis of all measures by the great Standard of Right, that he never adopted an opinion without reflection, and never gave a vote without the fearless conviction that to do it was just. He was a gentleman in the very best sense of that word. He loved his friends with ardor, stood by them with constant courage, and surrendered them only at the grave. He was a statesman of the old stock, and not ashamed to adhere to old memories, nor afraid to try new issues. He was a servant of thorough experience and tried orthodoxy, bringing to every question the light of an unclouded intellect and a judgment and a courage that "would not flatter Neptune for his trident, or Jove for his power to thunder." He adorned our great party by his manifold virtues as a gentleman and a christian, and he strengthened it by the wisdom and the candor of his counsels. We have few such men left among us. Alas! we only realize how precious they are when they are gone. It is a tribute to the great statesman of Pennsylvania, Mr. Buchanan, that W. R. King has been his fast friend ever since they were known to each other, and that almost the last act of his political life was the energetic and efficient support he gave to Mr. Buchanan for the Democratic Presidential nomination. *Pennsylvanian.*

THE SACRED COLLEGE. This is the title of the House of Cardinals in the Roman Catholic Church. According to the Pontifical Constitution, this is composed of seventy persons, divided unequally among the three Clerical Orders, thus: Six bishops, fifty priests, and fourteen deacons.

A "Secret Consistory" was held on the 7th ult., and eight new Cardinals were created, one of whom was a French prelate, the Archbishop of Tours. On the 1st of January, there were seven vacancies, and the very recent death of Cardinal Diepenbrock left an eighth. A full Sacred College has not been witnessed before, it is said, for a great many years. The very advanced age of some of the present cardinals renders probable the early happening of more vacancies, which, however, it is not likely will be immediately filled, as custom has sanctioned the practice of keeping some of the Cardinalates vacant, to be disposed of as circumstances may demand.

Of the seventy now living, six of the incumbents of the Socred College are upwards of eighty; nineteen between sixty and seventy; twenty-four between fifty and sixty; and eight between forty and fifty. The youngest is Andrea, born in 1812; the oldest, Oppozoni, 84 years old, and for fifty years a Cardinal. 54 are Italians; 16 foreigners, among which last are 6 French; 2 Austrian; 2 Spanish; 2 Portuguese, 1 Belgian; 1 Prussian; and 1 English, (Wiseman) 27 (all Italians) reside in Rome, and with the Pope, administer the spiritual government of the Roman Catholic Church, and the temporal government of the States of Rome—called "the Pontifical States." *N. Y. Express.*

NEW METHOD OF MAKING MIRRORS. The editor of the Prattsville Advocate has been shown by Rev. L. L. Hill, the inventor of *Hillotyping*, a method of silvering glass, which he considers of great practical value in the manufacture of mirrors:

"Mr. Hill took a small glass, such as Daguerreans use, for covering their pictures, and in forty seconds it was transformed into a perfect mirror—perfect in every respect. We kept an eye upon it the whole time, the process was fully explained, and the result cannot be excelled. Out of some three hundred experiments which Mr. Hill has made, he has never failed in making a perfect mirror.

In this mode of 'silvering glass,' there is not a particle of the usual amalgam of tin foil and quicksilver, but it is composed wholly of pure and unadulterated silver. The discovery was made while he was experimenting on glass, with a view of adapting it to heliochromy, never dreaming of its beautiful application to the manufacture of mirrors. The invention did not cost him an hour's study, and he has already had liberal offers for the right to manufacture, together with the knowledge of doing so. The expense of manufacturing mirrors by this new and durable method will not, we think, exceed half the cost of manufacturing the kind now used; besides they are always perfect, and no art of man can deface them without breaking them to pieces. We hazard nothing that it will create an entire revolution in the art of making mirrors, and that, in a few years at most, there will not be a mirror of the kind now used, to be found in the country."

SILVER CHANGE. The vexation and annoyance to which almost every person in the community has been subjected by reason of the premium on silver coin will soon be done away with. The Directors of the Mint have made arrangements for a prompt execution of the law of Congress, and will soon furnish an abundance of silver change. In most parts of the country silver has been at a premium of five per ct., and never would have shown itself in general circulation so long as its value was so much enhanced over that of the increasing paper currency. The Cincinnati Commercial states that the Kentucky Banks have already shipped $400,000 to be recoined. Large amounts of silver are held by the banks in the large cities and interior banks of the States, which are finding their way to the Mint in Philadelphia. There are, besides, millions of dollars laid up in shot bags and old stocking legs, which have been securely hid away in the desks of good housewives and plodding farmers in all parts of the Union, which will soon be sent to the Mint and sold for the appreciated price, and put again into circulation, as there is no longer any reason for their continued seclusion.

VALUE OF COMMERCIAL PAPER. A cashier of one of the State street Banks in Boston was asked by a member of the Legislature a day or two since, what was the proportion of bank losses in comparison with loans? "For what length of time?" asked the cashier. The time was placed at five years, and the cashier referring to his books, found that the bank had loaned from fifteen to eighteen millions of dollars during that time, and had lost but $191 22. This is not only an evidence of the strictness with which mercantile paper is borrowed, but is a strong testimony to the value of the old system of banking. *Boston Courier.*

THE MARKETS.

WILMINGTON, April 26.

NAVAL STORES.—The Turpentine market remains without change in price, with a fair demand and light receipts. Sales yesterday of 250 barrels at $3 25 for yellow dip and $1 50 for hard, per 280 lbs. In Spirits Turpentine we hear of no transactions yesterday or this morning; market firm at 50 cts. per gallon. Sales of 46 bbls. Tar at $1 90 per bbl.

RICHMOND, April 26.

TOBACCO.—The market continues very active, and general sales on Monday, showed but little improvement in prices since our last report. The breaks for the season are unusually light.

N. M. MARTIN & CO.

Sales of Tobacco by N. M. Martin & Co.: 1 hhd. J. H. Wright at $7 50; 1 G. W. Goulder at 8 75; 1 R. A. Taylor at 8 50; 1 T. F. Epes at 4 87; 1 T. H. Perkins at 4 50; 2 W. H. Boyd at 5 and 6 50; 1 Seneca Gay at 9 50; 4 E. A. Cheek at 6, 6 75, 8 50 and 8 75; 2 S. Southerland at 7 25 and 10 50; 1 J. J. Carr at 11; 2 Col. J. W. Gilliam at 10; 1 P. Finch at 6, 1 at 6 75; 1 Geo. Harrison at 12 75; 1 Geo. W. Harrison to G. W. Gilliam & Brother at 16 50.

NEW YORK, April 26.

Flour—Sales of 6,250 bbls. at 4 50 a $4 56 for State, and 4 62½ a $4 87½ for Genesee. Sales of 700 bbls. Southern at 5 a $5 12½. The market opend heavy, but closed better. Wheat nominal. Corn—Sales of 45,000 bushels yellow at 65c. Whiskey—Sales of 350 bbls. at 23¼c. Pork—Sales of 1500 bbls. at $15 62½ for mess, and $12 37½ for prime. Beef—Sales of 400 bbls. mess at 12 75 a $13; sales of 350 bbls. Beef Hams at $14 50. Cut meats—Sales of 200 casks at 9⅛c. for shoulders and 9¾c. for hams. Lard—sales of 400 bbls. at 9 9¾ to 10¼c. Butter plenty at 9 a 14c. Tallow—Sales of 16,000 lbs. a 9½c. Coffe—Sales of 2,000 bags at 9½ a 9⅝c. for Rio, and 11½c. for Java. Sugar—Sales of 150 hhds. at 4¾ a 5c. for N. Orleans. Molasses—Sales 200 bbls. Cuba at 24 a 26c. Cotton—Sales of 1,000 bales at ⅛c. decline.

Late and Important from New Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS, April 26. Millard B. Fairvell, bearer of despatches from the United States Legation at Mexico, arrived on the steamer Texas, reports that on the 8th an expres arrived at the city of Mexico, bringing news of the occupation of Mescada Valley, in Chihuahua, by the Governor of New Mexico.

This intelligence created great surprise, and the determination was expressed to drive out the Americans at the point of the bayonet. An armed force was ordered to proceed to Chihuahua to reinforce the Mexican General, and assist in expelling Gen. Lane. A delegation of the Mexican authorities waited upon Judge Conkling, and made a solemn protest against the whole proceeding. The utmost excitement prevailed amongst all classes, and the reply of Gov. Frias to Lane's proclamation was regarded as a most unusual and powerful vindication of the rights of Mexico.

Additional from California.

NEW YORK, April 25. The steamer Independence, recently wrecked, was valued at $100,000, but insured for only $15,000, chiefly in New York.

The steamer Page, running between Sacramento and San Francisco, burst her boiler recently; four persons were killed and many wounded.

The Legislature of California has imposed a tax on foreign miners.

One hundred and fifty emigrants saied from San Francisco for Australia, in the steamer Unicorn.

Arrival of the Isabel.

CHARLESTON, April 25. The steamer Isabel has arrived from Havana with dates to the 22d. Her news is of no importance. Sugar was active at prices tending upwards. There had been large exportations to Europe. Coffee was in demand at 7 a 1½ reals.

PROUD FLESH. J. G. Saxe, who read his poem on "Yankee Land" before the Y. M. M. L. Association of Cincinnati, recently, says many witty things in rhyme, and not always without a moral. Here is one of his "drives" at proud flesh:

Because you flourish in wordly affairs,
Don't be haughty; and put on airs
With insolent pride of station;
Don't be proud and turn up your nose
At poorer people, in plainer clothes
But learn for the sake of your mind's repose,
That wealth's a bubble that comes and goes,
And that all proud flesh, wherever it goes,
Is subject to irritation.

MARRIED,

In Statesville, on the 12th instant, by Rev. P. H. Dalton, Mr. R. Q. Davidson, of Shelby, to Miss Jane E., daughter of S. R. Bell, Esq.

By the same, in Iredell county, on the 14th inst., Mr. Robert C. White to Miss Rebecca D. Barkley.

Near Covington, Ga., on the 18th ult., Mr. Bradley, of La., to Miss Mary Frances, daughter of Rev. West Harris.

In Philadelphia, on the 14th instant, Mr. Daniel M. Zimmerman, formerly of North Carolina, to Miss Elizabeth, daughter of Sam'l Hart, Esq.

DIED,

In Montgomery, Alabama, on the 5th of March, of Apoplexy, JAMES CROMARTIE BANNERMAN. He had just completed his 24th year, and his health being rather delicate, was, in company with his physician and brother, returning from his father's residence on the Trinity, in Leon County, Texas, to Charleston, for the purpose of seeking medical advice, when, by an inscrutable act of an overruling Providence he has been suddenly numbered with the dead and transferred in a day from the theatre of activity and usefulness to the unending silence of the tomb.

"Leaves have their time to fall,
And flowers to wither at the North wind's breath,
And stars to set—but all
Thou hast all seasons for thine own oh death."

Mr. Bannerman was a pious young man, exemplary in all his actions, generous to a fault—the pride of his father and family and an ornament to the community in which he resided. He was the friend of all institutions having for their object the amelioration of the condition of his species, and especially was he attached to the Masonic Fraternity, of which order he was an active and useful member. His brethren with whom he associated well know his worth, and feel sensibly the loss the order has sustained by his untimely death. He was buried with Masonic honors in the city of Montgomery by the members of Montgomery Lodge. May the bereaved father remember that though his son has been suddenly cut down far away from his home and his relatives, still he died not among strangers—but brethren of the "Mystic tie" bore his remains to the tomb, and dropped a tear over the grave as they cast the evergreen into his last resting place—fit emblem of that immortality that awaits the faithful. [Com.

Register will please copy.

County Court Clerkship.

WE are requested to announce THOMAS G. WHITAKER, Esq., as a candidate for Clerk of the County Court of Wake at the ensuing election.
March 2d, 1853. 31—te.

WE are requested to announce CALVIN J. ROGERS, Esq., as a candidate for Clerk of Wake County Court at the ensuing election.
April 7th, 1853. 41—te.

WE are requested to announce JEFF. UTLEY as a candidate for the office of County Court Clerk of the County of Wake, at the ensuing August election.
April 8, 1853. 41—te.

WE are requested to announce JOHN L. TERRELL as a candidate for the Clerkship of the County Court of Wake.
April 28, 1853. 47—te.

Black French Cloth Frocks, with black Velvet Collars, large sleeves, bound with silk cord. Made in the best style, equal to custom work.

Rich and beautiful Marsilles Vests, coscade patterns, white Marsellse, also China silk skeleton Vests, a very desirable article for warm weather. Call and examine at E. L. HARDING'S.
April 20, 1853. 45—

JUST received, a lot of fine new Music.
K. W. PETERSILIA.
Raleigh, April 4th, 1853. 40—

$200 REWARD.
A PROCLAMATION,

By His Excellency, DAVID S. REID, *Governor of the State of North Carolina.*

WHEREAS it has been represented to me that one RANSOM POPE, late of the County of Chatham, stands charged with the murder of one Paris Pearce, in said County, and that the said Pope has fled from justice and probably escaped beyond the limits of this State.

Now, therefore, to the end that the said Pope may be arrested and brought to trial for said offence, I do hereby issue this, my Proclamation, offering a reward of two hundred dollars for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Chatham County.

DESCRIPTION.

Ransom Pope is described to be about thirty-five years of age, weighs about 180, and presents an athletic appearance, has light red hair, fair complexion, and grey eyes, is slow spoken, and about five feet ten inches high.

SEAL. Given under my hand and attested with the Great Seal of the State of North Carolina, at the City of Raleigh, this 23rd day of April, A. D., 1853.

DAVID S. REID.

By the Governor.
SAMUEL F. ADAMS, jr., Private Secretary.
April 25th, 1853. 969—w5w.

☞ Fayetteville Carolinian will give four weekly insertions.

BOOKS.

MODERN State Trials, revised and illustrated with essays and notes, by Wm. C. Townsend, Esq., recorder of Macclesfield, 2 vols. 8 vo.

Church Dictionary, by Walter Farquar Hook, D. D. Vicar of Less, sixth edition revised and augmented.

The history of the Church of England, by J. B. S. Carmithen, B. D.

The history of Nero by Jacob Abbott.

Historical and critical essays by Thos. DeQuincy, author of confessions of an English Opium-Eater, &c., &c., 2 vols. 12 mo.

Poems by Mattie Griffith, now first collected.

The Australian Captive, and the gold regions, being fifteen years in the life of William Jackman, with various illustrations, edited by the Rev. J. Chamberlayne.

Agnes Sorel, a novel by G. P. R. James.

Clary Moreland by Emerson Bennett.

Harry Muir, a story of Scottish life by the author of Mrs. Margaret Maitland, &c., &c.

Beatrice, or the unknown relatives, by Catherine Sinclair, author of modern accomplishments, modern society, &c. &c.

The Dean's Daughter, or the days we live in, by Mrs. Gore, author of Mothers and Daughters, the Banker's Wife, &c., &c.

Villette, by Curier Bell, author of Shirly, Jane Eyre, &c., &c. For sale by W. L. POMEROY.
April 26, 1853. 47—

NOTICE.

IN accordance with a decree of Wake Court of Equity, at Spring Term, 1853, I shall offer for sale on Friday, the 3d day of June next, at Stricklands Store in Wake County, a tract of land owned by the late Berry Bunn containing about four hundred and eighteen acres and lying on the west-side of Moccasin Creek and bounded by the lands of Code Bunn and others; also on the same day two tracts of land in Franklin County, one containing about sixty acres, adjoining the lands of Obediah Strickland and others, and the other on Moccasin Creek containing by estimation three hundred and seventy two acres. The two last named tracts to be sold on the premises.

Terms of sale six and twelve months credit, bond and good security required.

ED GRAHAM HAYWOOD, C. M.
April 28, 1853. 47—

Commissioner's Office.

THE undersigned has been appointed Commissioner for the States of Virginia, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, and Arkansas, and expects to receive the same appointment for other of the western and southwestern States. He is prepared to take the Probate of all Deeds, Powers of Attorney and other intruments of writing to be used in those States. Also Depositions to be read in any of their Courts.

As Notary Public, having a seal of office, he can take the Probate of Instruments of writing to be used in most of the States of the Union.

NATHANIEL J. PALMER.
Milton, N. C., April 20th, 1853. 47—1m.

**Raleigh Register will please publish 3 weeks.

AMERICAN HARDWARE, &C.
E. P. TABB & CO.
HEAD OF THE SQUARE,
NORFOLK, VA.

ARE receiving large additions to their stock, by almost every arrival from the East, which having been purchased at the cash discount prices, they are enabled, and determined to sell as low as articles of a similar quality can be bought in the Northern cities. Their assortment comprises

Cotton, Wool, Horse and Negro Cards,
Long and short handle Manure Forks,
" " Shovels and Spades,
Box and screw up Coffee Mills,
Wire and Hair Sieves and Searches,
Cotton Leading Lines, Bed Cords,
White Hemp Rope, assorted sizes,
Shoe Brushes, Blacking, Hide Whips,
Broad and Narrow Axes, Adzes,
Fancy Steel Blade Garden Hoes,
A full assortment of Hollow Ware Castings, embracing Ovens, Pots, Spiders, Skillets, Fire Dogs, Griddles, &c.
Also a general assortment of Fancy Goods, such as Needles, Pins, Combs of every kind,
Tooth, Hair and Shaving Brushes,
Fancy Soap, Snuff and Shaving Boxes,
Bone, Fancy Gilt, Porcelain and Pearl Buttons,
Pocket Books, Porte Monnaies, Purses,
Silver, Brass, Steel and White Metal Thimbles,
Looking Glasses, &c.
April 26, 1853. 46—w3w.

HARDWARE, CUTLERY &c.
DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.
E. P. TABB & Co,
HEAD OF MARKET SQUARE,
NORFOLK, VA.

HAVE received per ships Curritück, Star of the West and Conqueror, their Spring importations, comprising a full assortment of
Elwell' Weeding, Hilling and Grubbing Hoes,
Best C S Spades, Trace, Halter and Backband Chains,
Long and short handle Fry Pans,
Table and small Cutlery, a great variety.

To which they invite the attention of purchasers, pledging themselves to furnish every article as low as it can be purchased in the Northern cities.
April, 26, 1853. 46—w3w.

ROBERTS'S
COPPER, TIN AND STOVE DEPOT,
ROANOKE SQUARE,
NORFOLK, VA.

IN STORE, a large and varied assortment of all kinds of COPPER and TIN WARES, at wholesale and retail, lower than at any other establishment in Virginia. Copper Work for Steamers, Mills, Distilleries, &c., &c., executed in the best manner, with due regard for steam pressure.

STOVES AND HOT-AIR FURNACES,

Of all kinds, for all purposes, Metallic Roofing, Gutters and Pipes for Buildings, Block Tin, Tin Plate, Sheet Copper, Bar and Sheet Lead, Sheet Iron, &c., Ethereal Oil, and Lamps for using it, Shower Baths and Bathing Apparatus, of all the newest and most approved patterns.

WM. D. ROBERTS, JR.,
Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.
April 19, 1853. 44—sw6m.

A NEW and splendid lot of Paintings in Gilt Frames just received. Also a fresh supply of Oil Paints, Artists Brushes, Millboards, Stemil Brushes, &c. A fine assortment of Guitars, Violins, Banjos and Italian Strings received this day. Call and examine them.

K. W. PETERSILIA.
April 25, 1853. 46—

Fine Table Cutlery.—One sett Ivory Handled Balance Knives and Forks, 51 ps.
Ivory Handled Carvers and Forks.
Do. Game do.
Do. Butter Knives.
Also a good lot of Weeding Hoes. For sale by J. BROWN.
April 25, 1853. 47—

STRAW Matting, white India 4-4 5-4 and 6-4.
Do. col'd India 4-4 5-4 and 6-4.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
April 25, 1853.

Mail Arrangements at Raleigh.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad and Stage Lines at and from Raleigh.

NORTHERN MAIL—(By Railroad.)
Leaves daily - - - - - at 4 p. m.
Arrives daily - - - - - at 4 a. m.
The mail closes at 3 p. m.

SOUTHERN MAIL—(By 2 horse hack.)
Leaves daily - - - - - at 7½ a. m.
Arrives daily - - - - - at 3 p. m.
Mail closes at 6½ a. m.

WESTERN MAIL—(By 4 horse coaches.)
Leaves daily - - - - - at 9 a. m.
Arrives daily - - - - - at 11½ p. m.
Mail closes at 8 a. m.

PITTSBOROUGH MAIL—(By 2 horse hack.)
Leaves Sunday and Wednesday - at 5 a. m.
Arrives Monday and Thursday - - at 7 p. m.
Mail closes Tuesdays and Saturdays at 9 p. m.

GOLDSBOROUGH MAIL—(By 4 horse coach.)
Leaves daily (except Sunday) - - at 9 a. m.
Arrives daily (except Monday) - - at 10 a. m.
Mail closes at 8 a. m. except Sunday.

TARBOROUGH MAIL—(By 2 horse hack.)
Leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 a. m.
Arrives Sunday, Wednesday and Friday at 5 p. m.
Mail closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 9 p. m.

ROXBOROUGH MAIL—(By Horse.)
Leaves Friday - - - - - at 12 m.
Arrives Friday - - - - - at 9 a. m.
Mail closes at Friday at 12 m.

HARDING HAS COME!

YES! WITH THE BEST AND LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS, IN HIS LINE, IN THE CITY!

WE can now exhibit to our friends and customers the choicest assortment of

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Fine Dress and Frock Coats—Fine Fancy and plain Cassimere Pants—Fine Fancy Silk and Satin and bl'k Silk and Satin Vests, that can be found in any store in the State.

We pride ourselves upon selling the best

READY-MADE CLOTHING

this side of the British Provinces, equal in every respect to Custom Work, and much cheaper than Garments can be made to measure. We shall be receiving daily all the new styles of GOODS that come into market—for we manufacture all we sell— and are able to exhibit something NEW every week.

Call at the World-Wide renowned Clothing Establishment of E. L. HARDING.
March 22, 1853. 36—

Hats, Hats, Hats, Hats.

FASHIONABLE black Moleskin,
White, Drab, and Black Summer Hats, for Men and Boys,
Leghorn, Panama, and Palm Leaf Hats,
Black and White Wool Hats for Sambo.
J. BROWN.
March 28, 1853. 38—

Groceries! Groceries!!

IN Store and for sale by W. H. & R. S. TUCKER,
A Prime lot of Cuba Molasses.
Fresh whole grain Rice.
Crushed, Powdered, Clarified, and Brown Sugars, by bbl. or retail.
White Mercer Potatoes.
Rio Laguiro and Java Coffee.
Marc,h 1, 1853. 29—

ON HAND.

100 PIECES brown and bleached shirting and sheeting,
1-4 Linen shirting.
2-8 Pillow-cases linen by the yard or piece.
Brown and bleached jeans,
Drab corset do.
All for sale by the yard or piece. J. BROWN.
March 28, 1853. 38—

Bargains.

200 PIECES Calicoes of all shades and prices.
For sale by J. BROWN.
March 28, 1853. 38—

Candles! Candles!! A supply of Sperm and Adamantine Candles, very good and at reduced prices—may be had of P. F. PESCUD.
February 22d, 1853 —28

NOTICE TO CONFECTIONERS.

WE would respectfully inform our friends of Raleigh and vicinity that we are now in possession of a very extensive assortment of Fruits, Confectionaries, Toys, &c., and would advise all those who desire laying in their Christmas supplies to send in their orders early, so as there may be no difficulty in getting their articles forwarded by the Mail Trains. If delayed too long, owing to the grea quantity of goods to be sent by these trains for the Holiday's, some may be prevented.
SAMUEL H. MARKS & SON.
Petersburg, Va., December 15, 1852. 10—

North Carolina Manufactures.

BATTLE & SON, Are still manufacturing, at the ROCKY MOUNT MILLS, N. C. about 300,000 lbs. *Cotton Yarns*, per annum (equal to the best Georgia Yarns,) which they will deliver to Merchants free of charge, at New York prices.

Orders addressed to Battle, & Son, Rocky Mount N. C., will receive prompt attention.
February, 1852. 29—1y.

Boots and Shoes.

CORK Sole Boots, with Double Uppers at the low price of $4,50. Double Sole Nailed Bottom Boots for Waggoners and Rail Road Hands. A large Stock of Double and Single Sole Brogans will be sold cheap. Ladies Shoes and Bootees, Manufactured by Robinson & Co.

Call and examine our Stock before buying elsewhere.
SELBY & MURRAY.

Hull's Tallow Candles.

10 BOXES. Just received. Also, 5 Bags Old Java Coffee. J. BROWN.
Raleigh, February 14, 1853. 26—

French Accordeons.

A SPLENDID lot of French Accordeons—Nos. 4 5, 8, 11, 18, 17, 71, 72, just opened at the
N. C. MUSIC STORE.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

A FRESH supply of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, just received at Pescud's DRUG STORE.

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE cost of Insurance on the mutual plan is but a small sum, compared with a joint stock Company. This Company being located in the Western part of the State, consequently much the larger portion of the risks are in the West, very many of which are in the country. The Company is entirely free from debt; have made no assessments, and have a very large amount in cash and good bonds, and is therefore confidently recommended to the public.

At the last Annual Meeting the following Officers were elected for the ensuing year: James Sloan, President; S. G. Coffin, Vice President; C. P. Mendenhall, Attorney; Peter Adams, Secretary and Treasurer; W. H. Cunningham, General Agent.
PETER ADAMS, *Sec'y.*
December 10th, 1852. 7—1y

CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL In Raleigh.

THE Subscriber will open a School of this description in the City of Raleigh, on the 1st Monday in January next, strictly limited to *twenty-five* pupils. The Latin, Greek, and French languages will be soundly taught, with a thorough course of Mathematics. As the school is intended to be one of high grade, pupils will be expected to have already received some degree of preparatory instruction in the ordinary English branches.

The first session will be one of *five months*. Some half dozen boarders may be accomodated if preferred, in the Principal's family, at $12 per month.

Fees of Latin, Greek, and Mathematics, $25,00
French extra, 10,00

One half the above expenses will be expected invariably in advance. L. WADDELL.
February 5, 1853. 24—1y.

Saddler, Ferth & Ross' Mustard. A large Case of this Mustard— which is considered the best in the world—by many persons —is just received at Pescud's DRUG STORE.

Cheltenham Salts. A supply in Store and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

GARDEN SEEDS.

THE following Garden Seeds, warranted to be fresh and genuine, and of the crop of 1852, may be found at the Drug Store of P. F. PESCUD.

ASPARAGUS—Giant,
BEANS—(Dwarf,)
Early Mohawk,
" China,
" Yellow six weeks,
" Valentine,
" White kidney.
BEANS—(Pole,)
Horticultural Cranberry,
Indian Chief,
Large Lima or Butter,
BEETS—Early blood turnip,
Early yellow turnip,
Long Blood,
BROCOLI—Early and Late,
CABBAGE—Early May,
Early York,
" Ox heart,
" Large York,
" Drumhead,
Late do.,
" Premium flat Dutch,
" Drumhead Savoy,
" Bergen,
Red Dutch, (for pickling,)
CAULIFLOWER—Early & Late.
CARROT—Early Horn,
Long Orange,
Celery,
White Solid,
New Silver Giant,
CRESS—Curled or Peppergrass.
CUCUMBER—Early Cluster.
Early Frame,
London Long Green,
Extra Long Green,
Gherkin, (for pickling,)
EGG PLANT—Large purple.
CORN—Mammoth Sweet,
Tuskarora,
Early Philad. white,
" Canada,
" Adams',
LETTUCE—Ealy culled
Royal Cabbage, silecia.
Late India,
Ice Coss,
MELONS—Green Citron,
Pine Apple,
Nutmeg,
[illegible]
Beechwood,
Carolina Water,
Spanish do.
Mountain Sweet do,
Long Island do.
MUSTARD — White and brown,
NASTURTIUM,
OKRA,
ONION—Large Red,
Yellow Dutch,
White Portugal,
Onion Buttons,
PARSLEY—Plain and curled,
PARSNIP—Long Smooth,
Sugar,
Guernsay,
PEAS—Early Prince Albert,
Early Washington,
" Bishop Prolific,
Large Morrowfat,
Tall or Matchless Marrowfat,
PEPPER—Long Cayenne,
Cherry,
Bell,
Mammoth,
RADISH—Long scarlet,
Turnip scarlet,
" white,
" yellow,
RHUBARB—Myatts victoria,
SPINACH—Round leaved Savoy,
Prickly and fall,
SALSIFY or vegetable oyster,
SQUASH—Early yellow bush,
Early white bush,
" crookneck bush,
Autumal Marrow,
TOMATO—Large Red,
Large Yellow.

Raleigh, Feb. 22, 1853. 28—

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road Company, until Saturday, 1st May next, at 10 o'clock, in the morning, for the Graduation of the connection between the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road and the North Carolina Rail Road at Raleigh.

The proposals must state the price per cubic yard for Excavation, and the price per cubic yard for Embankment, and must embrace the entire earth work of the whole line.

Separate Proposals will be received until the same hour for the Masonry required in the line; stating the price per cubic yard for dry Masonry and the price per cubic yard for mortared Masonry.

Map and Profile of the route can be seen on application to the undersigned or in his absence to W. W. Vass.

The successful bidders will be required to enter into bond to complete the work by 1st January, 1854.

The right is reserved to reject any or all the bids as the interest of the Company may seem to require.
L. O'B. BRANCH, President.
Raleigh, March 28th, 1853. 38—1m.
*** Register, Warrenton News and Greensborough Patriot copy one month.

State of North-Carolina---WAKE COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, 1853. John O. Jeffreys, *Adm'r.* of Rob't N. Jeffreys, *dec'd. vs.* Wm. D. Jeffreys—Original attachment Levied on Land.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant, Wm. D. Jeffreys, is a non-resident of this State, on motion, it is ordered by the Court that advertisement be made in the North Carolina Standard, a newspaper published in the City of Raleigh, for six weeks successively, notifying the said Wm. D. Jeffreys to be and appear before the justices at the next term of our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County of Wake, at the Court-house in the City of Raleigh, on the 3rd Monday of May next, and then and there to replevy and plead to the said suit; otherwise judgment by default final will be granted against him and the Land Levied on condemned to satisfy the plaintiffs debt.

Witness James T. Marriott, Clerk of our said court at office, the 3rd Monday of February, 1853.
JAMES T. MARRIOTT, *Clerk.*
March 25, 1853. (Pr. adv. $5,62½.) 38—w6w.

State of North-Carolina---WAKE COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, 1853. Evans & Cooke *vs.* J. Stanford Hunter—Original attachment Levied on Land.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant, J. Stanford Hunter, has removed from this State, and is a non-resident, on motion, it is ordered that advertisement be made in the North Carolina Standard, for six weeks successively, notifying the said J. Stanford Hunter to be and appear before the justices of our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County of Wake, at the Court-house in the City of Raleigh, on the 3rd Monday in May next, and then and there to replevy and plead to the said suit; otherwise judgment by default final will be granted against him and the land levied on condemned to satisfy the plaintiffs debt.

Witness James T. Marriott, Clerk of our said court at office the 3rd Monday of February, 1853.
JAMES T. MARRIOTT, *Clerk.*
March 25, 1853. [Pr. adv. $5,62½] 38—w6w.

N. C. Fashionable Jewelry Store.

PALMER & RAMSAY,

DEALERS IN

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

All Kinds of Jewelry, of the Latest Styles, SILVER AND PLATED WARE, CUTLERY, *Perfumery, Fancy Goods and Clocks.*

THE subscribers are receiving their Fall purchase, which is one of the most extensive ever offered for sale in the State. Consisting of
100 Gold and Silver Watches,
Large collection of Gold Chains, Seals and Keys.
A fine lot of Diamond Rings and Pins,
Fashionable Earrings, Brestpins and Rings,
Braceletts, Cuff Pins and Armletts,
Very large assortment of Gold, Silver and Steel

Spectacles,

Gold and Silver Thimbles,
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens and Lockets,
Steel Pens and Keys, Razors, Strops and Pen Knives,
Silver Table, Deserts and Tea Spoons,
Ladles, Forks and Butter Knives, and Pickle Knives and Forks.
Castors, Gandlesticks, Snuffers and Trays,
Baskets, Waiter Coffee Urn,
Gerondoles, Coral and Card Cases,
Perfumery and Fancy Goods.
All kinds of Watches, Jewelry and Clocks repaired in our usual manner.
October 4, 1852. 94

Irish Potatoes.

A FEW barrels of those superior Carter Potatoes on hand—price reduced to close sales.
JAMES McKIMMON.
Raleigh, April 11th, 1853. 42—

Candles.

SPERM, Adamantine and Tallow Candles, all sizes, just received and for sale by
JAMES McKIMMON.
April 11th, 1853. 42—

Office Wilmington & Raleigh Railroad Co'y.
WILMINGTON, April 8th, 1853.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid to stockholders or their legal representatives, at this office, on and after Monday, 2d May next.
By order, JAMES S. GREEN,
Treas. Wil. &R. R. Co.
April 14th, 1853. 43—1m.

PELETIER'S SARSAPARILLA. A fresh supply just received, and for sale by
P. F. PESCUD.

BULL'S SARSAPARILLA. A fresh supply of this justly celebrated Extract, too well and highly appreciated to need any comments, is just received and for sale at PESCUD'S.

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAILROAD.

THE Passenger Trains on this Road are due as follows:

	Miles.	Mail Train. North	Mail Train. South.	Accommodation. North.	Accommodation. South.
Raleigh,		4 p. m.	4 a. m.	8 a. m.	4 45 p. m.
Forestville,	15	4 45	3 10	9 25	3 10
Franklinton,	11	5 25	2 30	10 30	2 5
Kittrell,	10	6 5	2	11 30	1
Henderson,	8	6 30	1 30	12 30	12 15
Ridgway,	13	7 15	12 50	2 10	10 30
Warrenton,	5	7 30	12 25	2 45	10
Macon,	5	7 50	12 10	3 15	9 30
Littleton,	11	8 25	11 35	4 15	8 25
Gaston,	9	9 p. m.	11 p. m.	5 p. m.	7 30 a. m.

The accommodation train leaves Raleigh on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and returns Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Passengers neglecting to provide themselves with Tickets before taking the Cars, are liable to an extra charge.

Office of the R. & G. R. R. Company, February 16th, 1853. 27—tf.
☞ Register and Warrenton News copy.

Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road Co.

A SPECIAL Meeting of the Stockholders of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road Company will be held in Raleigh, on Tuesday, the 3d day of May next. By order of the Board of Directors.
W. W. VASS, Treasurer.
Raleigh, March 28, 1853. 38—
*** Raleigh Register, Petersburg Intelligencer and Norfolk Argus please copy.

NOVELTY WORKS

WEST ST., RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA, SILAS BURNS, PROPRIETOR,

BUILDER OF

Steam Engines & General Machinist.

THE above establishment has been in successful operation about one year, and has turned out some of the best STEAM ENGINES and SAW MILLS that have ever operated in this or any other State.

Orders are solicited for Steam Engines and Saw Mills, Mill Gearing and Machinery of every discription to be completed during the Summer and Fall. The improved condition of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road will enable me to fill with dispatch and punctuality all orders after the 1st of July.

The following certificate will show the character of the work executed at the above Works:

AUBRY, Cumberland, May 15, 1852.

Mr. SILAS BURNS,

Dear Sir: Our Engine and Mills, made at your shops, have been at work nearly two months, and fully meet our expectations. The ENGINE, as to FINISH and STRENGTH, PERFORMANCE and DURABILITY, is inferior to none in the State of the same class made here or elsewhere. The MILLS run with a smoothness and speed truly astonishing. In ordinary sawing we cut in a common sized log, 1 foot in 3¾ seconds or 16 feet per minute. We have run, however, through an 18 feet log in 32 seconds or at the rate of 33 feet per minute, by running to the top speed we fully believe we can cut 40 feet per minute. The only objection we have heard urged is, it takes two many hands to haul up logs and carry away lumber. Yours, &c.,
JONES & BARBEE.
June 2, 1852. 59-

GREENSBOROUGH Mutual Life Insurance & Trust Co'y.

THIS Company, as its name indicates, is upon the *mutual principle*, and embraces two distinct departments, to wit: Life Insurance and Trust departments. This attractive combination offers to Policy holders double the ordinary security, without destroying their right to a full participation in the entire profits of the Company. Premiums will be received, in cash, either annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, as may be agreed upon at the time the Policy is issued.

In the TRUST DEPARTMENT, or Deposit System, the payments made to the Company are entirely optional with the Depositor, as regards the amount and the time at which they are made. A party may pay in as much or as little, (not less than one dollar,) and as often as may be convenient for him, without any obligation upon him to continue his payments—and may withdraw them at his pleasure.

So that, on the plan of this Company, there is created at one and the same time an assurance *payable at death—a fund available in sickness*—and *a provision for old age.*

☞ See Pamphlets furnished by the Company.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY.

Directors—Ralph Gorrell, Lyndon Swaim, John A. Gilmer, D. F. Caldwell, Richard Greene, David McLean, Richard Sterling, John M. Logan, D. P. Weir, E. W. Ogburn, Robert M. Sloan, Robert P. Dick, Henry B. Elliott.
President—Ralph Gorrell.
Vice President—Lyndon Swaim.
Secretary and Treasurer—D. P. Weir.
Attorney—John A. Gilmer.
Examining Physician—Edwin Watson, M. D.
Consulting Physicians—D. C. Mebane, M. D.; J. L Cole, M. D.; D. P. Weir, M. D.
General Agent—William H. Cumming.
*** Any information relative to the Company may be had by addressing D. P. WEIR,
Secretary and Treasurer.
February 17th, 1853. 27—tf.

GRAND EXHIBITION.

WE are now in possession of our entire SPRING purchase, which is quite extensive; and as to quality, durability, and prices, is not surpassed by any Stock offered anywhere in these Southern States. It has been examined by the

GAY, THE FASHIONABLE, AND THE BEAUT FUL,

and pronounced A NO. ONE. All we ask now from our friends and customers—IS A CALL.

Persons from abroad who do not know where to find our establishment will be posted by calling at the Clothing and Furnishing Saloon of E. L. HARDING, Esq., where the Elephant can be seen, at all hours, free of charge—his living is off the "*Green!*"
EVANS & COOKE.
March 25, 1853. 38—

Just Received and for Sale,

A RICH assortment of Fancy Neck, Sash, Hat and Cap Ribbons,
Plain Satin and Lustring Ribbons, all colors and widths,
French worked Muslin undersleeves,
Infant's French worked Frock Bodies and Caps,
Ladies' French worked Caps and Collars in great variety,
do do Mourning and half Mourning Collars,
do do Cuffs, Muslins and Dimity Bands.
Real Thread Lace, Insertings and Edgings,
Imitation do do do
Lisle do do do
Bobbin do do do
JAMES McKIMMON.
Oct. 1, 1852. 93—

TO MERCHANTS—IMPORTANT AND TRUE. The fact, that merchants can supply their wants in their home markets, and thus save the trouble and expense of a northern trip, being fully established, the subscribers, in anticipation of a large demand for their popular Ready Made Clothing, have manufactured an unusually large stock, which, they may safely say, has never been surpassed, if it has been equalled, in the southern market.

Encouraged by the very liberal patronage hitherto received, and with largely increased facilities, we are determined to keep pace with the onward spirit of the age, and to use every honorable effort to deserve our share of the "*public distribution.*" Merchants visiting Petersburg, whether dealing in Clothing or not, are invited to visit our WHOLESALE ROOMS, now stocked with every variety of Clothing, *of our own manufacture*, the most modern styles, and at *New York prices.*
A. S. SHAFER & CO.,
WHOLESALE CLOTHING BAZAAR,
Sycamore, three doors from Bank street,
Petersburg, Va.
September 1, 1852. 84—tf.

$10 REWARD.

LEFT on the 20th of March, ALFRED, a copper-colored boy, 18 to 19 years old, well grown, 5 feet, 6 or inches high—talks on the end of his tongue—had on a wool hat, badly worn, and yarn clothing. He carried off a cloth cap, and a blanket with other clothing.

ALFRED has relations in Raleigh, and also at William Turner's, in Johnston Co.

The subscriber's Post Office is at Raleigh.
CASWELL POWELL.
Wake Co., March 23, 1853. 36—tf.

5,000 CIGARS, of superior quality, for sale by
P. F. PESCUD.
Raleigh, February 22d, 1853. 28—

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, &C.

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD, & CO.,

ARE now receiving large additions to their stock of

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals PAINTS, OILS, DYESTUFFS, *Window Glass, Perfumery, &c, &c*

from the most reliable Houses in the Northern Cities, which have been purchased with an eye single to their purity, and are offered for sale at such prices and on such terms as shall compare favorably with any house in the State.

Physicians, Country Merchants, and Dealers generally, will do well to give us a call before purchasing, feeling assured we shall not fail to please both in point of price and quality.

Orders promptly attended to, and particular attention given to packing and forwarding.

Family Medicines and Prescriptions compounded at all hours of the day and night, by a competent person with neatness and despatch.

We tender our most sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country for the long and liberal patronage we have received, and trust by untiring zeal and energy to please in the prosecution of our business, to merit its continuance.
Raleigh, April 28. 1851. 94—

"Eagle Hotel," Chapel Hill, for Sale

THE Proprietress of this well known and profitable establishment, having realized a sufficient income to warrant her in resuming the quiet of a private life, offers to the public generally the opportunity of bidding for its advantages.

The citizens of the State are so well acquainted with the advantages of its position, that but few remarks are necessary to complete their information.

The Hotel itself possesses all the requirments of room and comfort, which its purchasers can desire. It has capacity for the accommodation of one hundred and fifty boarders, and the recent and rapid growth of the University, adjacent, makes it an easy matterto possess such or even a greater number of students.

In addition to this, the frequent travel through Chapel Hill gives the Hotel, (being the only one in the place) a transient custom equal to any in the State.

The lots and stables adjoining are extensive and commodious, and the country-market supplies abundantly and on profitable terms much of its provisions.

The terms of sale require one third of the price to be paid on taking possession. A note, with safe security and time of payment suited to the convenienee of the purchaser, are the reasonable demands for the remainder.

If further information be desired concerning the inducements to purchase, the President of the University or any other resident of the village, will furnish it.

Possession can be obtained at any time, after the 1st of May. Apply to ANNE S. HILLIARD.
Chapel Hill, N. C. Feb. 27, 1851. 33—

GENERAL AGENCY.

THE undersigned offers his services as Agent for the transaction of any business in the City of Raleigh, at the Public Departments, the Banks, Insurance Offices, &c.

He may be found at the office of the Secretary of State. All letters addressed to him will be promptly attended to, and his charges will be moderate and satisfactory. RUFUS H. PAGE.

REFERENCES:

Gov. D. S. Reid, Wm. Hill, *Sec'y. State*, D. W. Courts *Pub.. Treas.* Wm. J. Clarke, *Comp't. of State*, E B. Freeman, *Clerk Sup. Court*, Geo. W. Mordecai *Prest. of Bank of the State*, Wm. H. Jones, *Cash'r. Bank of Cape Fear*, W. W. Vass, *Treas. R. & G*
Raleigh, Dec. 18, 1851. 14—tf.

N. C. Mutual Life Insurance Company, OFFICE RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company continues to insure the lives of all healthy White persons and Slaves.

The greatest risk taken on a single life is $5000. Slaves are insured for a term of one to five years for ⅔ds their value.

OFFICERS.

Dr. Chas. E. Johnson, President,
Wm. D. Haywood, Vice President,
James F. Jordan, Secretary,
Wm. H. Jones, Treasurer,
Perrin Busbee, Attorney,
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, Examining Physician
J. Hersman, General Agent.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

Blanks and Pamphlets, showing the plan of operation of the Company, may be had on application at the Office, or any of the Agencies. All letters on business should be addressed to JAMES F. JORDAN,
Secretary.
April 28, 1850. 51—

Baltimore Piano Manufactory.

Important Improvement.—Elastic Universal Touch

WISE & BROTHER, Manufacturers of Boudoir Square and Grand Pianos, request those wanting a first-rate Instrument—one that Ladie's can perform on with the greatest possible advantage, that is chaste of style, of superlative touch and tone, that will stand in concert tune, and last a life time, to call and see for themselves a sample Instrument at the Agent's office—Dr. W. R. Scott's.

These Instruments are more in general use in the City among the first critics of art and science, and to whom we have the honor of referring. See the manufacturer's circulars, which may be obtained of the Agent. All Instruments warranted five years.
J. J. WISE & BRO.
Dr. W. R. SCOTT, Agent.
Raleigh, Jan. 11, 1850. 20—6m.

MILTON FACTORY AND MILL.

J. B. BARRETT & J. D. NEWSOM, Having purchased Mr. Thomas W. Holden's interest in the Milton Cotton Factory and Mills Lands, Tenements, and debts due the Firm of Barrett, Newsom & Holden, will continue the Manufacturing and Milling business.

They are now putting in operation a set of Woolen Machinery, for the purpose of manufacturing

WOOLEN GOODS,

and will also have two good CARDING MACHINES in order the ensuing season, which will not only afford a market for the sale of Wool, but enable planters to get

Domestic Woolens, Cotton Goods,

and also Wool Rolls of the first quality.

They have in their employment the most experienced mechanics, and will endeavor to merit public patronage.
BARRETT & NEWSOM.
Milton, March 25, 1851. 41—tf.

MRS. WOLTERING

RESPECTFULLY announces to the Ladies of Raleigh and surrounding country that she is now receiving her FALL and WINTER STOCK of FANCY GOODS, embracing China goods, fine iron-stone dinner-setts, tea-setts, and cups and saucers as fine as ever brought to this City.

Also, GROCERIES of every description. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c., which will be sold low for cash.

Just Received, a fresh supply of CONFECTIONARIES.

Thankful for past favors, she solicits a continuance the same.
WILHELMINA WOLTERING.
Raleigh, Sept. 12th, 1851. 90 —

DRESS GOODS.

PRINTED and Plaid Berages,
Lawns, Organdi and Printed Cambrics,
Plaid Ginghams and Silk Lustors,
Bl'k, Groe DeRhine Silk and plain bl'k DeLair,
Cambric, Jackonette, Swiss, Checked, Mull and Nansuck Muslins, a great variety,
Bl'k and White and fancy Berage DeLains,
J. BROWN.
March 15, 1853. 34—

Salmon, Lobsters, Hallibut.

JUST received a small lot of the above, put up in tin pots and hermetically sealed; warranted fresh and genuine, prepared and ready for the table.
JAMES McKIMMON.
Raleigh, April 1st, 1853. 39—

Macaroni.

BEST quality Macaroni in Store and for sale by
JAMES McKIMMON.
April 1st, 1853, 39—

Weeding Hoes.

A LARGE lot Weeding Hoes, all sizes. Also, Scy the Blades, Grass Blades and Trace Chains, received and for sale, by
JAMES McKIMMON.
Raleigh, April 11th, 1853. 42—

A SECOND supply of Garden Seed, just received and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

CLOTHING EMPORIUM!

"We Study to Please."

THE Subscriber has just returned from the Northern Cities, where he has been engaged in superintending the manufacture of his entire

STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Which is now being opened

AT HIS NEW STORE.

Old Stand,

Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

His Store is fitted up in a style of elegance, superior to any in the State, and his Stock presents attractions, rarely to be seen, except in the large assortments of the Northern cities. E. L. HARDING.
Raleigh, October 4th, 1852. 83

Quinton Utley's Tooth-Ache Drops. FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTHACHE.

One of the Greatest Discoveries of the 19th Century!

FROM the numerous applications I have had for the above preparation, for the last few months, the uniform success which has attended its use, its salutary effects, its power to give immediate relief in the severest cases of Toothache, I have been induced to offer it to those who may be afflicted; with the utmost confidence in its virtue, and the full belief that it will subdue and give entire relief to the severest toothache without the slightest injury to the tooth. I have got (and can get,) numerous testimonials of its efficacy—some from distinguished gentlemen, and all from as reliable persons as are in the State, a publication of which I deem unnecessary at this time, as one of these Drops when tried in an aching tooth will be worth more to the manufacturer and the patient, than all the certificates from great men that could be procured.

The preparation is known only to myself. Every phial is carefully put up by my own hands in the City of Raleigh and labelled with directions for use, and may be found at IRA BECKWITH'S Store, on Fayetteville St. a few doors North of the Yarbrough House, and opposite Lawrence's Hotel, where it will be constantly kept for sale either by the wholesale or retail. Also for sale by the retail at Jone's Drug Store, Sycamore street, Petersburg, Va., and at Andrew Bett's Store, Wake County, N. C. Retail price 50 cts. per Bottle—liberal deduction made when taken by the quantity.

To all who may have the toothache—try it, and then it will need no puffing.

All orders from a distance promptly attended to by Mr. Beckwith or myself.
QUINTON UTLEY.
Raleigh, September 7, 1852. 86—1y.

Scientific and Practical Works.

THE American Miller, and Millwright's Assistant, by William Carter Hughes, editor of the American Miller, New York, illustrated by drawings of the most approved machinery, 12mo. The Turner's Companion, containing instructions in concentric, eliptic, and eccentric turning, also, various plates of chucks, tools and instruments, and directions for using the eccentric cutter, drill, vertical cutter and circular rest, with pattern and instructions for working them, illustrated by numerous engravings, 12mo. Builder's Companion, containing the elements of building, surveying and architecture, with practical rules and instructions, by A. C. Smeaton, with 70 engravings, 12mo. new edition. Cabinet Maker and Upholsterer's Companion, by J. Stokes, illustrated, a new edition, 12mo. Painter, Guilder, Varnisher, and Glass Stainer's Companion, 12 mo. Dyer and Colomaker's Companion. Electrotype Manipulations; being the theory and plain instructions in the art of working metals, by precipitating them from their solutions, through the agency of galvanic or voltaic electricity, by Charles V. Walker, Hon. Secretary to the London Electrical Society, etc., illustrated by wood cuts, from the 14th London edition, new edition. The American Cotton Spinner and Managers' and Carders' Guide, a practical treatise on Cotton Spinning, giving the dimensions and speed of machinery, draught, and twist calculations, etc., with notices of recent improvements, together with rules and examples for making changes in the size and number of roving and yarn, compiled from the papers of the late Robert H. Baird. 16mo. 252 pages. The Year Book of Facts, in Science and Art, exhibiting the most important discoveries and improvements in Mechanics and the Useful Arts, Natural Philosophy, Electricity, Chemistry, Zoology and Botony, Geology and Geography, Meteorology, and Astronomy, by John Timbs. Editor of The Arcana of Science and Art, 16mo. 320 pages. Elwood's Grain Tables, showing the value of different kinds of Grain, calculated in Federal Money, of any quantity from one pound to 10,000 bushels, 12 mo.
For sale by H. D. TURNER,
Raleigh, April 1853 N. C. Bookstore.

Extracts and Perfumery.

P. F. PESCUD has just received a supply of the most choice and superior Extracts for the Handkerchief, and for flavoring Pies and Puddings, ever offered for sale in Raleigh; consisting in part of the following, viz:

FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF: Upper Ten, New Mown Hay, Honey-Suckle, Jocker Club, Essence Bouquet, Sweet Clover, Helistrope, Prarie Flower, Cologne, Citronella Rose, Verbena, Clematis, Ferinas, Tea Rose, Geranum, Hedyoimia, Magnolia, Violet, Patchoney.

FOR FLAVORING PIES, &c. Essence Lemon, Es. Butter Almonds, Peach, Celery, Gelatine, Corn Starch. Arrow Root, &c.
Raleigh, March 24th, 1853. 37—

Lots for Sale at Holly Springs.

WILL be sold at public sale on Saturday, the 23d day of April, a number of Lots of land, of various sizes, situated at the Holly Springs, Wake County, laid off and arranged by the Holly Springs Lodge.

Those who wish to locate themselves in a high and healthy country, together with the advantages of the "High School," now in successful operation at that place, will do well to avail themselves of this opportunity.

Terms made known on day of sale.
THE COMMISSIONERS.
Holly Springs, March 27th, 1853. 39—td.

Family Groceries.

25 BBLS. Loaf, Crushed, Clarified and Brown Sugars,
Old Java, Laguira and Rio Coffee,
uperior Green Tea, also black Tea.
For sale by J. BROWN.

To the Public—*A perfect Luxury in Summer and Winter.* The subscriber has on hand a supply of the best quality of curled hair, and is still manufacturing a superior quality of hair Mattresses. He would respectfully inform the public that he can furnish them with the best articles in his line as cheaply as they can be bought in New York. Persons from the neighboring villages and counties, who have heretofore sent North, can provide themselves with as good an article at the subscriber's, and at as low a price; as he is prepared to and will furnish them, at the shortest notice, at prices ranging from $4 to $30.

ALSO, constantly on hand the much improved shuck and Cotton Mattresses, at the lowest prices. Also, sofas, lounges, &c. manufactured in various styles. pairing of sofas, easy-chairs, and renovating old Mattresses, &c, done with neatness and despatch. All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to.

My Ware-Room is on Fayetteville Street, three doors above the Yarbrough House.
J. H. HARRIS,
Upholsterer and Mattress Maker.
Good Feathers taken at the highest prices in exchange for Mattresses.
Raleigh March 1, 1853. 32

Just Received.

15 BBLS. Mercer Potatoes.
300 lbs. Cod Fish, Salmon, Mackerel, Herrings, &c., &c.
5 doz. Beef Tongues.
50 Boxes Sperm, Adamantine and Tallow Candles.
10 bbls. Family Flour, at
HENRY KIEM'S.

Newell's Patent Safety Fluid Lamp AND LAMP FEEDER. A new article, warranted to prevent all accidents from the use of Burning Fluid, Camphene, and all other explosive compounds used for the production of light. The principle adopted by Mr. Newell to prevent explosion is that of the well known "Davy's" Safety Lamp for Miners. For sale by
P. F. PESCUD.
February 22d, 1853. 28—

Warrenton Female Institute.

WARREN COUNTY, N. C.

THE twenty-fourth semi-annual session of this Insitution will commence on Monday the 3d of January next. Charges as before. Pupils are received at any time and charged from the time of entrance.

Terms $62,00 per session for Board and English tuition. Ancient and Modern Languages, Music, Drawing, and Oil Painting at former rates. Vocal Music and Ornamental needle work gratis.

Circulars containing the fullest information will be sent to those applying.
GRAVES & WILCOX.
Warrenton, Dec. 2, 1852. 6—4m.

SPECIAL EXPRESS NOTICE.

PARISEN & KING'S NEW YORK, VIRGINIA, AND N. CAROLINA FREIGHT, PACKAGE, AND PARCEL EXPRESS.

Per Steamships Roanoke and Jamestown.

THE Proprietors beg leave to inform the Merchants, Bankers, and public generally of Raleigh, that having bought out the interest of Dodge's Virginia and North Carolina Express, and made arrangements with the New York and Virginia Steamship Company for the transportation of their Express to Norfolk, Petersburg, and Richmond, and concluded arrangements with Messrs. H. D. Byrd & L. O'B. Branch, Esq's., of the Petersburg and Gaston, and Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, they are now prepared to transmit to and from New York, or either of their Agencies, every description of *Merchandize, Valuable Packages*, Bank Notes, Specie, Notes, Drafts, Bills, &c., with the greatest expedition, and at the most economical rates. We shall spare no trouble or expense, in making this the popular *Express* of Virginia and North Carolina; our long experience in the business North and West, and our ample means to conduct the same, we hope, will be a sufficient guarantee to the Merchants, to direct their correspondents to dispatch their goods through PARISEN & KING'S EXPRESS. We also wish it distinctly understood that we are in *direct* opposition to the old monopoly. *Give us a trial.*

W. B. PARISEN, JAS. H. KING, } Proprietors, ASTOR HOUSE, N. Y.
J. D. GRONER, Norfolk, Va., WD. TOWNES, Petersb'g, Va., M V. L. MAULE, Rich'd, Va., } H. D. TURNER, Raleigh, N. C.

N. B. We would also ask the attention of merchants at the following places—Chapel Hill, Hillsborough, Greensborough, Fayetteville, Salem, Cheraw, Pittsborough, Ashborough, and Salisbury, to facilities offered them for the transmission of *light packages* by our Express from Raleigh; and all orders sent to our Agent, H. D. Turner, Esq., for us, will meet with prompt attention. P. & K.

☞ There is a splendid line of Steamers plying regularly between New York and Philadelphia, daily at 5 o'clock, p. m., and their freight from Philadelphia to New York is very low. The Steamers leaving Philadelphia on Tuesday and Friday connect with Parisen & King's Express for the South from N. Y. Wednesday and Saturday. Merchants ordering their goods, from Philadelphia, to care of Parisen & King's Express, New York, will find this a much quicker way to get their goods, and at one-half of the cost.
Raleigh, March 22, 1853. 39—1y.

WM. B. PARISEN has this day associated with him, in the Express business, JAS. H. KING, Esq., and the business will hereafter be conducted under the style and firm of PARISEN & KING.
New-York, Feb 14, 1853.

THE subscribers having bought out the entire interest of Dodge's Virginia and North Carolina Express, the business hereafter will be conducted by Messrs. PARISEN & KING, at present No 2 Vesey street.

NOTICE.—Having disposed of my entire interest in the Express business, heretofore known as "Dodge's Virginia and North Carolina Express," I take pleasure in recommending to the community at large, the enterprising gentlemen composing the firm of Messrs. PARISEN & KING, who have assumed that business as Express Forwarders. LEVI DODGE.
Feb 14, 1853. 39—2m.

NOTICE.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

J. J. BIGGS & Co. take pleasure in announcing to their friends and the Public in general, that they are now receiving their Spring and Summer goods consisting of a fine lot of French and English Cloths, Cassimers and vestings of the latest style. A beautiful lot of white Silk and Satin Vestings, and Cravats for Balls and Parties. White Linnen Drilling and Navy Duck, for Summer Pants.

All kinds of Ready Made Clothing both of their own and of Northern Manufacture, very fine and cheap. Also Youths and Boys Clothing, and dressing gowns.

Fine Moleskin and Beaver, black and Drab Hats of the very best manufacture.

The latest style dress Shirts of the most approved cut. Gauze, Silk and Marino undershirts and Drawers for Spring and Summer.

Gloves, Collars, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Cravats and Stocks, in great varieties.

Their stock will be constantly supplied, with the latest arrivals. The very finest assortment of Tailors trimmings on hand.

All orders thankfully received and promptly executed. All garments, made to order warranted to fit.
Call at No. 10,
Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
April 11th, 1853. 42—

SUPERIOR READY MADE. DAILY ARRIVALS AT HARDINGS.

JUST RECEIVED, 200 pairs Superior Fancy Cassemere Pants.
March 31st, 1853. 39—

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!!

RECEIVED this morning:
50 Plain Black Grenadine Silk Vests.
50 Figured " " " "
100 Fine Black Satin "
100 Plain White Marseilles "
100 Figured " " "
51 Farmers' Satin, (a new article,) Vests.
Cheap for Cash. E. L. HARDING.
Raleigh, March 31st, 1853. 39—

GUANO will be transported over the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, at the LOW RATES, throughout the year. L. O'B. BRANCH,
President.
March 24th, 1853. 37—1m.

"JUST TO HAND."

FOUR cases Beebes' best Spring Style of HATS Those wishing the very *best* article had better call at once on
EVANS & COOK,
No. 29, Cheap Side.
Raleigh, Feb. 4, 1853. 23—

HURRAH FOR CHATHAM! NEW TOBACCO FACTORY AT PITTSBORO'.

LONG & BURNET,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Chatham and adjoining Counties that they have established

A TOBACCO FACTORY

in Pittsboro', and wish to purchase all kinds of Tobacco, viz: Common and Fine. For fine yellow Tobacco they are willing to pay liberal prices, from $6 to $12½, according to quality and color.

All those having Tobacco for sale will do well to give us a trial before selling elsewhere, as we are determined to give the full value for each quality.
Pittsborough, Feb. 4, 1853. 23—3m.

Riggs' Genuine Military Soap. A supply of this celebrated Soap, just received at PESCUD'S DRUG-STORE.
February 22d, 1853. 28—

MOFAT'S PILLS & PHOENIX BITTERS. Another supply just to hand. Those who have been in want of these highly approved Medicines may be supplied at Pescud's DRUG STORE.

PHALON'S HAIR INVIGORATOR. Another supply just received at Pescud's DRUG STORE.

Negroes Wanted.

THE subscriber will pay the highest cash prices for number one young Negroes.
R. D. ATKINSON
Smithfield, Dec. 29th, 1852. 13—tf.

Strings! Strings!!

ANOTHER supply of those elegant Italian Guitar and Violin Strings this day received at the
N. C. MUSIC STORE.
Raleigh, February 7th, 1853. 24—

Commission Business.

THE undersigned will conduct a Foreign and Domestic Produce Commission business, in the City of Petersburg, Va., under the firm of
STAINBACK & HARDEE.
Office, 3rd door West of Bollingbrook Hotel, North Side.
F. C. STAINBACK, W. H. HARDEE.
November 1st, 1852. 101—1y.

Canton Mattings.

4-4 AND 5-4 fancy and plain Matting received and for sale by JAMES McKIMMON.
Raleigh, April 16th, 1853.